

Notice to Readers

For the convenience of readers, the Meeting Minutes of 2022 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese version of the Meeting Minutes of 2022 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting shall prevail.


PHISON ELECTRONICS CORP.
2022 ANNUAL GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING
MEETING MINUTES
(Translation)

Time and Date: 9:00 A.M. on May 24, 2022 (Tuesday)

Place: 1 Factory, 1F Meeting Room, No. 1, Qun-Yi Rd., Jhunan, Miaoli, Taiwan

Total outstanding Phison shares: 197,073,993 shares

Total shares represented by shareholders present in person or by proxy : 151,983,447 shares (including 99,849,140 shares which attended through electronic voting).

Percentage of share held by shareholders present in person or by proxy : 77.11%

Attendants' directors: Chairman Wee Kuan Gan, Director Aw Yong Cheek Kong (Attended via video conference) , Director Tzung Horng Kuang (Attended via video conference) , Director Jiunn Yeong Yang (Attended via video conference) , Independent Director Wen Chiu Chung (Attended via video conference) , Independent Director Chen Wei Wang (Attended via video conference) , Independent Director Yu Lun Huang (Attended via video conference) .

Attendants as guest or observer: Accountants Wan Yuan Yu of KPMG (Attended via video conference) , Chun Yi Jen of HL & Partners , Attorney-At-Law (Attended via video conference) .

Chairman: Wee Kuan Gan, the chairman of the Board of Directors

Recorder: Angela Lee

I. Call Meeting to Order :

The aggregate shareholding of the shareholders present in person or by proxy constituted a quorum. The Chairman called the meeting to order.

II. Chairman's Address (Omitted)

III. Matters to Report (Proposed by Board of Directors)

Case No. 1: The Company's 2021 business report, please refer to Attachment 1.

Case No. 2: Report on Audit Committee's Review Report of 2021 Financial Statements, please refer to Attachment 2.

Case No. 3: Report on 2021 Employees' and Directors' Remuneration Distribution.

Explanation: 1. According to Article 19 of the Articles of Association of the Company, "If the Company makes profits in the year, it shall appropriate 8% to 19% for employees' compensation and no more than 1.5% for directors compensations".

2. In the year of 2021, the Company earned NT\$10,738,640,954 (the amount represents the pre-tax profit before deducting of employees' and directors' remuneration), and it intends to distribute NT\$1,100,000,000 from 2021's profits for employees' compensation (about 10.24% of the profits for the year 2021) and NT\$50,000,000 for directors (about 0.47% of the profits for the year 2021), all in cash.

Case No. 4: Report on the Company's surplus earning distribution in the form of cash dividends of 2021.

Explanation: Pursuant to the Company Act and the Articles of Association of the Company, the surplus earning distribution of the Company may be proposed at the close of each half fiscal year. If the surplus earning distribution is distributed in cash, the Board of Directors is authorized to adopt a resolution to distribute the surplus earning. The implementation of the Company's surplus earning distribution in the form of cash dividends of 2021:

2021	Date of the resolution of the Board (YYYY/MM/DD)	Date of distribution (YYYY/MM/DD)	Cash dividend per share (NTD)	Total amount of cash dividend (NTD)
H1	2021/08/06	2022/01/20	10	1,970,739,930
H2	2021/03/04	Not yet decided	13 (Note)	2,561,961,909
Total			23	4,532,701,839

Note: Based on the Company's actual total number of 197,073,993 outstanding shares as of March 4, 2022, and the proposed cash dividend per share is NT\$13. The actual amount of cash dividends to be distributed per share will be calculated based on the actual total number of shares in circulation on the ex-dividend date, and will be distributed in accordance with the shares held by the shareholders listed in the shareholders' register on the ex-dividend date. The cash dividends are calculated up to NT\$1. Decimal points are rounded down and the uncounted shares in fractions of NT\$1 shall be transferred to the Company's Employee Benefits Committee.

Case No. 5: Report on the implementation of the First Domestic Unsecured Convertible Corporate Bonds of the Company.

Explanation: 1. Due to the demands of the Company's operation and development, in order to purchase real estate, plant and equipment, and to enrich the working capital to improve the ability to allocate funds, the Board of Directors approved the issuance of the first domestic unsecured convertible corporate bonds on August 6, 2021. The cap of the total amount of face value issued is NT\$3.5 billion. The Financial Supervisory Commission issued the official letter of Jin Guan Zheng Fa Zi No. 1100356577, which proclaimed the effectiveness of the registration of the said bonds on September 8, 2021, and they were approved by the Taipei Exchange on December 13, 2021 with the official letter of Zheng Gui Zhai Zi No. 11000139182. The bonds have been issued and traded in the Taipei Exchange since December 17, 2021.

2. The circumstances of implementation of the First Domestic Unsecured Convertible Corporate Bonds of the Company are as follows:

Name	Phison Electronics Corporation First Domestic Unsecured Convertible Corporate Bonds
Date of approval	September 8, 2021
Date of issuance	December 17, 2021
Total amount of issuance	NT\$3,500,000,000
Par value of issuance	NT\$100,000
Price of issuance	NT\$100,500
Duration of issuance	From December 17, 2021 to December 17, 2024
Coupon rate	0.00%
Repayment method	Unless the holder of the convertible corporate bonds has converted the bonds into the common stock of the Company in accordance with Article 10 of the Regulations for the Issuance and Conversion of the First Domestic Unsecured Convertible Corporate Bonds, or the Company has redeemed the bonds in advance in accordance with Article 18 of the aforementioned Regulation, or the Company has repurchased and canceled the convertible corporate bonds at the business offices of securities firms, the Company shall repay the convertible corporate bonds in cash in one lump sum according to the face value of the bonds upon maturity. The payment will be made in ten business days (including the tenth business day) after the date of maturity.
Implementation of corporate bonds as of the book closure date (March 26, 2022) Conversion of this convertible corporate bond	Not applicable

Case No. 6: Report on the actual handling situation of 2021 general shareholders' meeting's resolution on private placement of common shares.

Explanation: The Company resolved a private placement of common shares which do not exceed 18,000,000 shares at the 2021 general shareholders' meeting on July 26, 2021, and resolution was granted to proceed one or two times within one year from the date of the resolution of the general shareholders' meeting. The board of directors decided that this private placement of common shares would no longer be conducted as the expiration date was approaching and the abovementioned private placement of common shares has not yet been issued, and there is no plan to proceed with the private placement of common shares in the remaining time period.

Case No. 7: Report of the Company's Investment in the Mainland, please refer to Attachment 3.

IV. Proposals

Case No. 1 (Proposed by the Board)

Note: The Company's 2021 Business Report and Financial Statements.

Explanation: 1. The Individual Financial Statements of the Company for the year of 2021 (including Individual Balance Sheets, Individual Statements of Comprehensive Income, Individual Statements of Changes in Equity, Individual Statement of Cash Flows) and Consolidated Financial Statements (including Consolidated Balance Sheets, Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, and Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows) have been compiled and audited by independent auditors, Ms. Qian-Hui Lu and Mr. Wan-Yuan Yu, of KPMG and Audit Committee. Please refer to the aforementioned Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report together with the Business Report.

2. For the 2021 Business Report, Individual Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements, please refer to Attachment 1 and Attachment 4.

Voting Results :

Shares represented at the time of voting : 151,045,095 Votes (Including votes casted electronically 99,849,140 Votes).

(votes casted electronically)

Votes in favor	Votes against	Votes invalid	Votes abstained
139,964,040 Votes (88,800,090 Votes)	4,955 Votes (4,955 Votes)	0 Votes	11,076,100 Votes (11,044,095 Votes)
92.66%	0.00%	0.00%	7.34%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

Case No. 2 (Proposed by the Board)

Note: The Company's 2021 profit distribution.

Explanation: 1. The net profit after tax in 2021 was NT\$8,147,215,035. The company prepared a statement of profit distribution for the year ended December 31, 2021, in accordance with the Article of Incorporation of the company as follow:

Phison Electronics Corporation
PROFIT DISTRIBUTION TABLE

Year 2021

(Unit: NTD\$)

Item	Amount
Retained earnings at the beginning of the period	16,891,095,194
Net profit after tax of Year 2021	8,147,215,035
Less: Change in re-measurement of defined benefit plans in Year 2021	282,736
Add: Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	11,571,968
Less: Changes in the Investments accounted for using the equity method	422,983,336
The total of, the net profit after tax of the period plus the else items of the period be included in the undistributed earnings.	7,735,520,931
Less: 10% Legal Reserve	773,552,093
Reserved for first half of 2021	355,551,020
The balance of Legal Reserve	418,001,073
Add: Reversal of Special Reserve based on regulations	165,341,098
Reversal for first half of 2021	9,773,030
The balance of reversal	155,568,068
Distributed earnings as of December 31, 2021	24,018,405,130
Distributable items:	
Dividend to shareholders-Cash (Distributed NT\$23 per share)	4,532,701,839
First cash dividends distributed of the year (NT\$10 per share)	1,970,739,930
Second cash dividends distribution (NT\$13 per share)	2,561,961,909
Unappropriated retained earnings by the end of the period.	19,485,703,291

Note: : Based on the Company's actual total number of 197,073,993 outstanding shares as of March 4, 2022, and the proposed cash dividend per share is NT\$13. The actual amount of cash dividends to be distributed per share will be calculated based on the actual total number of shares in circulation on the ex-dividend date.

Chairman : 

Manager :

 恒歐陽

Accounting Supervisor

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Voting Results :

Shares represented at the time of voting : 151,045,095 Votes (Including votes casted electronically 99,849,140 Votes).

(votes casted electronically)			
Votes in favor	Votes against	Votes invalid	Votes abstained
140,531,335 Votes (89,367,385 Votes)	9,357 Votes (9,357 Votes)	0 Votes	10,504,403 Votes (10,472,398 Votes)
93.04%	0.01%	0.00%	6.95%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

V. Election

Case No. 1 (Proposed by the Board)

Note: Proposal of by-election of one director of the Company.

Explanation: 1. Mr. Khein Seng Pua resigned as a director of the Company; thus, it is proposed to the 2022 Annual Shareholders' Meeting that by-election of a director shall be held. The newly elected director will assume office after the end of the annual shareholders' meeting, and the term of office will expire on June 2, 2023, when the term of office of this Board will end.
2. The candidate nomination system is adopted by the Company for election of the directors of the Company, and the shareholders shall elect the directors from among the nominees listed in the roster of director candidates. Please refer to the following table for the roster of director candidates.

Name (Gender)	Education	Major Past Positions	Current Positions
Cheng Shuo Investment Limited Representative : Chih Jen Hsu (M)	Department of Information and Computer Science, Chung Yuan Christian University	Assistant Manager of Winbond Electronics Corporation Founder of Phison Electronics Corporation Vice Technical President of Phison Electronics Corporation	Vice Technical President of Phison Electronics Corporation

3. Please proceed with the election.

Election result:

PHISON ELECTRONICS CORP.

The list of newly elected directors with votes received of the 2022 shareholders' meeting

Title	Shareholders number	Name	Votes Received
Director	125598	Cheng Shuo Investment Limited Representative : Chih Jen Hsu	120,832,822 Votes

VI. Discussions

Case No. 1 (Proposed by the Board)

Note: The Company's private placement of common shares.

Explanation: 1. In order to introduce strategic investors and strengthen its long-term cooperative relationship with strategic partners so as to facilitate the company's long-term operation and business development, it is proposed to conduct a private placement to increase capital in cash by issuance of new shares (hereinafter referred to as "Private placement of common shares of this fiscal year"), in compliance with the provisions of Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act, etc. It is expected that the total amount of private placement of common shares will not exceed 18,000,000 shares at par value of NT\$10 per share and the increase in paid-in capital will not exceed NT\$180,000,000.

2. According to the provisions of Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act and the "Directions for Public Companies Conducting Private Placements of Securities", the explanations are as follows:

(1) The basis and rationality of the pricing of private placement

A. As to the pricing of the private placement of common shares, the price of per share shall not be lower than 85% of the higher price of the following two calculations before the price determination date:

(i) The simple average closing price of the common shares is calculated based on either the 1, 3, or 5 business days before the price determination date and is adjusted upon distribution of stock dividends and cash dividends, and capital reduction.

(ii) The simple average closing price of the common shares is calculated based on 30 business days before the price determination date, and is adjusted upon distribution of stock

- dividends and cash dividends, and capital reduction.
- B. The actual price determination date and the actual price of private placement shall not be less than the range decided by the shareholders' meeting. The board of directors will be authorized to determine the price based on the aforesaid price, future specific persons' situation and market conditions.
- C. The pricing method of this private placement price is based on the "Directions for Public Companies Conducting Private Placements of Securities" and considers that the company's future prospects and the timing, object, and quantity of private placement of securities transfer are strictly limited. Moreover, it is also not possible to be listed on the TPEx within three years and the liquidity is poor. Therefore, the pricing of the private placement of this fiscal year shall be reasonable, and would cause no major impact on shareholders' equity.

(2) Methods of selecting specific persons

- A. The object of the private placement of common shares is in accordance with Article 43-6 of the Securities Exchange Act and the Order Tai-Cai-Zheng-Yi No. 0910003455 of the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Executive Yuan issued on June 13, 2002, a specific person as strategic investor.
- B. Offerees are intended to be strategic investors:
- (i) Method and purpose of selecting offerees: Due to the Company's long-term business and business development needs, it will give priority to those who may directly or indirectly contribute to the future operation of the Company, and can help the Company expand its business and product market, strengthen customer relations, or enhance product development integration benefits, or can improve technology, and can identify with the Company's business philosophy of strategic investors.
 - (ii) Necessity: The purpose of selecting offerees is to introduce strategic investors and strengthen long-term cooperation with strategic partners. Through strategic investors, the long-term competitiveness and operational effectiveness of the company can be enhanced, which is necessary.

(iii) Expected Benefits: It is expected that through strategic investors' experience, product technology, knowledge, brand reputation, and market access, we can cooperate with investors in strategic cooperation, joint product development, market integration, or business development cooperation, which will help the Company to reduce operating costs, improve product technology, and expand its sales market to improve the company's future operating performance.

C. There are at present no offerees.

(3) Necessary reasons for private placement:

- A. Reasons for not adopting public offerings: Considering factors such as capital market conditions, issuance costs, timeliness and feasibility of fundraising for private placements, and restrictions on private placement of shares that cannot be freely transferred within three years, etc. In this way, it can ensure and strengthen strategic partnerships in a closer long-term cooperation relationship. Therefore, public offering is not adopted this time, and a private placement to increase capital in cash by issuance of new share is conducted instead.
- B. The quota of private placement: The total quota of this private placement of common shares shall not exceed 18,000,000 shares, and will be processed once or twice within one year from the date of the resolution of the shareholders' meeting.
- C. The capital purpose and the estimated benefits of private placement of common shares processed in different tranches.

Processing times	Capital purpose	Expected results
Once in a single transaction	Seek opportunities for technical cooperation or strategic alliances with domestic and foreign industrial companies, and at the same time, enrich working capital and meet the company's long-term operational development needs	Reduce the company's operating risks, strengthen its financial structure, and improve the company's future operating performance

Processing times	Capital purpose	Expected results
Twice in two transactions	Two occasions are to seek technical cooperation or strategic alliance with domestic and foreign industrial companies. At the same time, it enriches the working capital and meets the needs of the company's long-term operation and development.	Two occasions are to reduce the company's operating risk, strengthen its financial structure, and improve the company's future operating performance.

- (4) There is no significant change in managerial control within the 1 year period immediately preceding the day on which the board of directors resolves on this private placement plan. And limiting the subscribers to strategic investors will have a positive contribution to the Company's business development. Additionally, from the involvement of strategic investor by way of this private placement to within one year from the delivery date of the private placement common shares will not cause significant changes in the operating rights.

(5) Other matters that should be stated:

A Regarding the private placement of common shares of this fiscal year, the rights and obligations are in principle the same as the common shares issued by the Company, but according to the provisions of Article 43-8 of the Securities and Exchange Act, in addition to the objects and conditions of the assignment as prescribed by the provisions, in principle, the private placement of common shares shall not be freely transferable within three years from the date of delivery. After the full three years from the delivery date, the company plans to obtain a consent letter from the over-the-counter trading center in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Securities and Exchange Act, etc. The Company shall apply for re-issuance of the public offering of private placement of common shares and application for the transaction of the counter with the competent authority.

B. The main contents of the private placement of common shares of this fiscal year include actual number of private placement shares,

actual private placement price, selection of applicants, record date, issuance conditions, project items, capital use and progress, projected benefits, and other related issues. Etc., etc., and all other matters related to the issuance plan, intended to be brought to the shareholders' meeting to authorize the board of directors to adjust, determine and handle based on the market conditions, and if future changes such as due to amendments in laws or regulations or when required by the competent authority or based on operational assessment, or due to changes in the objective environment, the board of directors will be authorized to handle it completely.

C. In addition to the aforesaid scope of authorization, it is proposed that the Chairman is authorized to sign, negotiate, and change all contracts and documents relating to private placement of common shares on behalf of the Company, and to handle all necessary matters regarding to private placement of common shares for the company.

Voting Results :

Shares represented at the time of voting : 151,069,447 Votes (Including votes casted electronically 99,849,140 Votes).

(votes casted electronically)

Votes in favor	Votes against	Votes invalid	Votes abstained
138,373,505 Votes (87,209,555 Votes)	210,356 Votes (210,356 Votes)	0 Votes	12,485,586 Votes (12,429,229 Votes)
91.60%	0.14%	0.00%	8.26%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

Case No. 2 (Proposed by the Board)

Note: Amendment to part of the "Articles of Association" of the Company.

Explanation: 1. In order to meet the amended of "Company Act", the Company would amend the Articles 9 and Articles 21 of the "Articles of Association".
2. Please refer to Attachment 5 the amendment comparison table for the "Articles of Association".

Voting Results :

Shares represented at the time of voting : 151,069,447 Votes (Including votes casted electronically 99,849,140 Votes).

(votes casted electronically)

Votes in favor	Votes against	Votes invalid	Votes abstained
137,953,339 Votes (86,789,389 Votes)	677,187 Votes (677,187 Votes)	0 Votes	12,438,921 Votes (12,382,564 Votes)
91.32%	0.45%	0.00%	8.32%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

Case No. 3 (Proposed by the Board)

Note: Amendment to part of the "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meeting" of the Company.

Explanation: 1. Shall be handled in accordance with Article 182-1, Paragraph 2 of the Company Act.

2. Due to the amendment of Article 172-2 of the Company Act, public companies may hold shareholders' meetings by video. On March 4, 2022, the Financial Supervisory Commission issued amendments to the relevant provisions of "Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies", adding the relevant regulations for video conferences of shareholders' meetings. In order to meet the needs of the digital era and provide a channel for shareholders to facilitate their participation in shareholders' meetings, please refer to the "Sample Template for XXX Co., Ltd. Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings" amended and announced in the Zheng-Gui-Jian-Zi No. 11100543771 issued by Taipei Exchange on March 11, 2022, to amend the relevant provisions of the Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meeting of the Company.

3. Please refer to Attachment 6 for the comparison table for the "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meeting".

Voting Results :

Shares represented at the time of voting : 151,069,447 Votes (Including votes casted electronically 99,849,140 Votes).

(votes casted electronically)

Votes in favor	Votes against	Votes invalid	Votes abstained
137,943,223 Votes (86,779,273 Votes)	675,897 Votes (675,897 Votes)	0 Votes	12,450,327 Votes (12,393,970 Votes)
91.31%	0.45%	0.00%	8.24%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

Case No. 4 (Proposed by the Board)

Note: Amendment to part of the "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets", "Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties", "Procedures for Endorsement and Guarantee" of the Company.

Explanation: 1. According the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" and operation needs of the Company, the Company proposed to revise partial articles of "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets", "Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties", "Procedures for Endorsement and Guarantee".

2. Please refer to Attachment 7 the amendment comparison table.

Voting Results :

Shares represented at the time of voting : 151,069,447 Votes (Including votes casted electronically 99,849,140 Votes).

(votes casted electronically)

Votes in favor	Votes against	Votes invalid	Votes abstained
138,740,561 Votes (87,576,611 Votes)	7,176 Votes (7,176 Votes)	0 Votes	12,321,710 Votes (12,265,353 Votes)
91.84%	0.00%	0.00%	8.16%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

VII. Extraordinary Motions: None.

VII. The meeting was adjourned at 09:47 AM on May 24, 2022 (Tuesday).



Wee Kuan Gan
Chairman of the Board of Directors



Angela Lee
Recorder

PHISON Electronics Corporation 2021 Business Report

1. Operating Strategy and Execution Overview :

In 2021, the global economic continued to be changed and adjusted for COVID-19 epidemic and Taiwan was same in aware. Also, the problem of lack of materials and parts still stick in various technology industries. Phison continues to develop new products to meet market needs through its technological leadership, so that Phison can still steadily growth in 2021. Thanks to the unremitting efforts of all Phison people, the combined total revenue for 2021 is approximately NT\$62.56 billion, the combined after-tax surplus is approximately NT\$8.15 billion, and the after-tax EPS is NT\$41.34.

In 2021, the company's overall shipments of SSD products and embedded memory related controllers and finished products accounted for 60% of the company's overall shipment, an increase of approximately 44% from the previous year. Phison is actively developing advanced UFS and PCIe SSD controllers to become the best choice for next-generation high-performance embedded and customized storage devices. The R&D team has also continued to invest in key IP development and process miniaturization, providing a newer and more complete product lineup, in order to meet the demand for NAND storage applications that are highly enhanced by the popularity of 5G wireless transmission.

With the gradual realization of global 5G infrastructure and product applications, high-speed access to large amounts of data in the cloud, big data, AI and the Internet of Things and other technology applications have become more prosperous. Coupled with the increasing demand for ultra-high-speed data access due to the upgrade of various gaming software and game console specifications, it is expected that the penetration rate of ultra-high-speed solid-state drives (SSD) will continue to increase and maintain rapid growth. The company has launched different NAND Flash controllers for different application markets, including controllers that comply with PCIe Gen 3x4 NVMe specifications and the industry leading high-end PCIe Gen4x4 NVMe SSD controllers, to build a total solution for PCIe SSD controllers. In the high-end application/enterprise-level SSD application market, the company's customized enterprise-level SSD solution FX series and the world's highest-capacity enterprise-level QLC SSD storage solution have gradually been recognized by the market; in addition, Phison R&D center in Colorado, USA has continued to explore the functions to collaborate with our partners for products development and verification to serve Tier-1 enterprise server vendors nearby.

In terms of embedded applications, the company, as one of the few industry leaders in the world that provides eMMC and UFS in its entirety, is committed to lower power consumption and lower heat generation technology, and continues to promote BGA SSD to PCIe NVMe specifications to provide embedded applications the best storage choice, and push mobile storage devices into a new generation of higher speed and more energy-saving. The company takes the lead in launching new controllers that support UFS3.2, especially with Phison's own technology, including StrongECCTM, advance LDPC, CoXProcessorTM and RAID architecture. It not only provides low power consumption, but also demonstrates excellent error correction capabilities and SSD-like performance.

In terms of memory cards, the company released the latest SD & microSD card controller that is compatible with SD7.0 specifications. It has the absolute advantage of high-speed random access and provides up to 1TB data storage capacity. It is the industry's highest specification and is aimed at the high-definition analysis image application market. In terms of USB series products, Phison launched USB origin NAND controllers with USB 3.2 requirements for the needs of high-capacity portable storage applications.

Looking forward to 2022, Phison will continue to expand its R&D investment, and through its technology-leading strategy, it will enter NAND storage applications in all directions, including the expansion of high-margin markets such as the embedded application market, in-vehicle application systems, and enterprise server markets. With the leading technology of PCIe Gen4 SSD controller IC and continue to develop and launch PCIe Gen5 SSD controller, customers around the world have re-recognized Phison's technology research and development capabilities, and as a result, new and existing customers around the world have expanded their cooperation with Phison. In the future, Phison will continue to focus on its business, strengthen its research and development capabilities, and continue to create a win-win situation for shareholders, employees, and customers.

2. 2021 Business Results

(1) Description of business results:

① Consolidated operating revenue:

The consolidated net operating revenue of the company for the year 2021 was NT\$62,557,192 thousand, which was an increase of 28.99% compared with the year of 2020 of NT\$48,496,522 thousand.

② Consolidated net profit after tax:

The consolidated net profit after tax of the company for the year 2021 was NT\$8,147,215 thousand, which was a decrease of 6.43% compared with the year of 2020 of NT\$8,706,751 thousand.

(2) Budget implementation: The Company did not disclose its financial forecasts of the year of 2021, so it is not necessary to publicly disclose the implementation of the budget.

(3) Financial balance and profitability analysis:

① Consolidated operating revenue and expenditure:

Unit: Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

Item	2021	2020	Increases (decreases)	Proportion of the changes (%)
Operating revenue	62,557,192	48,496,522	14,060,670	28.99
Gross profit	19,099,784	12,247,475	6,852,309	55.95
Net Operating Income	9,084,449	3,889,607	5,194,841	133.56
Non-operating income and expenses	653,165	5,803,822	(5,150,657)	(88.75)
Net profit after tax	8,147,215	8,706,751	(559,536)	(6.43)

② Financial profitability of consolidated operation

	Item	2021	2020
Financial structure	Liability to asset ratio (%)	40.80	26.09
	Long-term asset to real estate, plant and equipment ratio (%)	619.41	770.49
Debt-paying ability	Current ratio (%)	227.68	317.33
	Quick ratio (%)	138.25	230.49
	Interest coverage ratio (times)	513.34	1,889.82
Operation performance	Receivables turnover ratio (times)	8.48	8.12
	Average days of receipt (days)	43.04	44.95
	Inventory turnover ratio (times)	2.93	3.34
	Average sales days (days)	124.57	109.28
	Payables turnover ratio (times)	6.95	10.21
	PP&E turnover ratio (times)	11.07	12.23
	Total asset turnover ratio (times)	1.13	1.13
Profitability	Return on assets (%)	14.76	20.21
	Return on equity attributable to owners of parent company (%)	22.49	27.06
	Ratio of operating income to paid-in capital (%)	460.97	197.37
	Ratio of pre-tax income to paid-in capital (%)	494.11	491.87
	Net income ratio (%)	13.02	17.95
	Basic earnings per share (NTD)	41.34	44.14
	Cash flow ratio (%)	23.35	56.13
Cash flow	Cash flow adequacy ratio (%)	56.80	87.99
	Cash re-investment ratio (%)	1.33	10.94
	Degree of operating leverage (DOL)	1.09	1.15
Leverage	Degree of financial leverage (DFL)	1.00	1.00

(4) Overview of R&D

① Research and development costs in the most recent two years:

The consolidated R&D expenses in 2021 and 2020 were NT\$8,127,841 thousand and NT\$6,752,676 thousand respectively, which accounted for 12.99% and 13.92% of the consolidated operating revenue respectively. As of fiscal year 2021, the company has obtained 1,821 patent approvals from various countries.

② R & D results:

The following products have been successfully developed and launched in 2021, including:

- a. PS3117-S17T SATA III SSD controller is a DRAM_less version with a maximum support capacity of 4TB, which will meet the upgrade requirements of the PC DIY market.
- b. PS5015-E15T is a PCIe Gen3 DRAM_less SSD controller with a maximum speed of 3300MB/s. The design of DRAM_less will also bring consumers a cost-effective experience.
- c. PS5021-E21T PCIe Gen4 SSD controller, with a maximum support capacity of 4TB and a performance of 4800MB/s, is a product that meets the mainstream PC and mobile device markets.
- d. The PS5017 SD card controller (complies with SD Express specification) not only meets the high-definition resolution of the pluggable storage application environment, but also brings a better experience for content creators.
- e. The new-generation eMMC PS8232 controller is a low-power design, bringing an excellent power-saving experience to mobile devices and embedded systems.
- f. The new-generation UFS 2.2/3.1 controller equipped with 12nm process not only supports the latest NAND technology, but also provides new ultra-high-speed performance for high-end portable devices to meet the trend of 5G wireless transmission.
- g. Developed a high-capacity USB3.2 Gen2x2 PS2251-18 controller that supports high-speed random write to meet the massive data transmission needs of the high-resolution audio and video market such as content creators.
- h. Launched the FIPS-compliant USB controller PS2251-15 to meet the encryption demand market driven by digital transformation.
- i. For more advanced process, developed next-generation PCIe PHY, and continue to deploy IP licensing field.

- j. Developed a new generation of error correction modules to support high-layer 3D TLC/QLC and next-generation PLC NAND flash memory.
 - k. Developed smaller controller solutions with higher capacity support and more power efficiency, including eMMC, UFS, and BGA SSDs that meet the automotive storage market, as well as meet the high-speed storage needs of mobile devices.
 - l. Developed controllers that meet automotive specifications and passed various automotive regulatory certifications, including AEC-Q100, ISO26262, IATF16949, ASPICE, etc., to meet the needs of the automotive electronics market.
- ③ Based on market demand trends, industry competition, and new product launch schedules, the company currently plans to develop or continuously upgrade product lines in 2022 as follows:
- a. The PS5025-E25 controller is a PCIe Gen4 SSD with an external DRAM design and a maximum performance of 7200MB/s, which is the best choice for extremely fast gamers.
 - b. The PS5020-E20 PCIe Gen4 enterprise SSD controller will have a maximum support capacity of 32TB and support special functions in enterprise-grade applications. It will be the most suitable choice for server system integrators.
 - c. The performance of new gen. PS5026-E26 PCIe Gen5 SSD controller will reach 13000MB/s, and it will be a flagship product in the PC market.
 - d. Continue to develop high-end enterprise-class SSD, support higher capacity, higher speed and strengthen interface protection mechanism, and cooperate with strategic partners to jointly develop to meet the needs of enterprise-class storage market.
 - e. Continue to develop smaller, higher-capacity and more power-saving controller solutions, including eMMC, UFS, and BGA SSDs that meet the automotive storage market, as well as meet the high-speed storage needs of future mobile devices.
 - f. Continue to develop controllers that meet the automotive specifications, and continue to strengthen the certification of various automotive regulations, such as higher specifications of AEC-Q100, ISO26262, IATF16949, ASPICE, etc., to meet the rising demand for automotive electronics.

Phison Electronics Corp.

Wee Kuan Gan, Chairman

Chee Kong Aw Yong, President

Pao Feng Chen, Accounting Director

Audit Committee's Review Report

The board of directors prepared the Company's 2021 Business Report, Financial Statements and profit distribution, etc. The CPA firm of KPMG audited the Financial Statements and have issued an audit report. Above Business Reports, Financial Statements and profit distribution were audited by Audit Committee and found no discrepancy, as reported in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act and Company Act, please check.

To

2022 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders

Phison Electronics Corp.

Audit Committee Convener :

Wen Chiu Chung

March 4, 2022

Phison Electronics Corp. and Subsidiaries
Information on Investment in Mainland China
For the year ended December 31, 2021

Table 8

(1) The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information

Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment (Note 1)	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2021	Outflow of Investment Flows	Inflow	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2021	Net Income (Losses) of the Investee	Percentage of Ownership of the Investee	Highest percentage of ownership during the year	Investment Income (Losses) (Note 2)	Book Value	Accumulated Remittance of Earnings in as of December 31, 2021	Note
HeFei Core Storage Design, R&D, Electronic Limited	Design, R&D, sale of electronic product and technical support service and rendering of related services	-	2(2)	630,990	-	-	630,990	-	-	24.41%	(5,182)	-	-	Note 3
Ruihan Electronic Technology Limited	Design, R&D, sale of electronics product and technical support service and rendering of related services	182,825	2(1)	182,825	-	-	182,825	(23,107)	100.00%	100.00%	(23,107)	145,593	-	Note 5
HeFei Xinpeng Technology Co., Ltd.	R&D, production and sale of electronic product and technical service and rendering of related services	735,136	2(1)	-	-	-	-	(95,225)	24.23%	24.23%	(23,075)	135,887	-	

Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment (Note 1)	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2021	Investment Flows	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2021	Net Income (Losses) of the Investee	Highest percentage of ownership during the year	Investment Income (Losses) (Note 2)	Book Value	Accumulated Remittance of Earnings in as of December 31, 2021	Note
Hosin Global Electronics Co., Ltd (SZ)	R&D and sale of electronic product and technical service and rendering of related services	1,647,590	2(1) and 2(2)	442,780	-	442,780	592,721	42.63%	44.35%	267,210	3,402,515	-

(2) Limitation on investment in Mainland China

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2021	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on Investment (Note 4)
1,256,595	1,336,236	22,385,060

Note 1: Method of investment.

1. Direct investment in the company in Mainland China.
2. Indirect investment in Mainland China through an existing investee company in a third region.

- (1) Indirect investment in Mainland China through an existing investee company (Regis Investment (Samoa) Limited) in a third region.
- (2) Indirect investment in Mainland China through an existing investee company (Global Flash Limited) in a third region

Note 2: The financial statements were audited by the Company's accountants based on the materiality standards and recognized shares of the associates accounted for using the equity method.

Note 3: Please refer to consolidated financial statements note 6(8) for related transactions.

Note 4: In accordance with the Regulations Governing the Examination of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China amended on August 29, 2008, the limitation on investment in Mainland China shall not exceed 60% of the Company's net worth.

Note 5: The aforementioned inter-company transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.



安侯建業聯合會計師事務所

KPMG

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Attachment 4

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Phison Electronics Corp.:

Opinion

We have audited the parent company only financial statements of Phison Electronics Corp. ("the Company"), which comprise the parent company only balance sheets as of December 31, 2021, the parent company only statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the parent company only financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2021, and its parent company only financial performance and its parent company only cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the parent company only Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Code of Professional Ethics in Republic of China ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Based on our judgment, the key audit matters that should be disclosed in this report are as follows:

1. Revenue recognition

Please refer to Note 4(14) "Summary of significant accounting policies—Revenue recognition", Note 6(20) "Description of significant accounts—Operating revenue" to the parent company only financial statements.

Description of key audit matter:

The Company engaged primarily in the sale of flash memory controllers and peripheral system applications. Revenue is recognized depending on the various trade terms agreed with customers. Whether the Company recognizes revenue depending on the trade term in each individual sale contract to ensure the performance obligation has been satisfied by transferring control over a product to a customer is considered to be complex. In addition, the Company operates in an industry in which sales revenue is easily influenced by various external factors such as supply and demand of the market, and this may impact the recognition of revenue. Consequently, this is one of the key areas that our audit focused on.



How the matter was addressed in our audit:

In relation to the key audit matter above, our principal audit procedures included understanding and testing internal controls over sales and collection cycle; understanding the Company's main revenue types, its related sales agreements, and trade terms; on a sample basis, inspecting related sales contracts or sales order and other trade documents to assess whether the timing of revenue recognition was depending on the trade term agreed with customers; performing a sample test on sales transaction that took place before and after the balance sheet date to assess the accuracy of the timing of revenue recognition; and assessing the adequacy of the Company's disclosures of its revenue recognition policy and other related disclosures.

2. Valuation of inventories

Please refer to Note 4(7) "Summary of significant accounting policies—Inventories", Note 5 "Critical Accounting Judgments and Key Sources of Estimations and Assumptions Uncertainty", and Note 6(6) "Description of significant accounts—Inventories" to the parent company only financial statements.

Description of key audit matter:

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Due to the rapid technological innovations and highly competitive environment in the industry of the Company, the life cycles of products of the Company are short and the prices fluctuate rapidly, which could possibly result in a price decline and obsolescence of inventory, wherein the inventory cost may exceed its net realizable value. Consequently, this is one of the key areas that our audit focused on.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

In relation to the key audit matter above, our principal audit procedures included reviewing the aging report of inventory and analyzing the fluctuation of inventory aging; on a sample basis, verifying the accuracy of the net realizable value of inventories and the inventory aging report; assessing the historical reasonableness of management's estimates on inventory provisions; and evaluating whether valuation of inventories was accounted in accordance with the Company's accounting policies and assessing the adequacy of the Company's disclosures of its policy and other related disclosures.

Other Matter

Predecessor auditor issued the audit opinion with other matters paragraph

The parent company only financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 were audited by another auditor, who have issued an unmodified opinion with emphasis of matter paragraph on March 11, 2021.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the audit committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the investment in other entities accounted for using the equity method to express an opinion on this financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Chien Hui Lu and Wan Yuan Yu.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China)
March 4, 2022

Notes to Readers

The accompanying parent company only financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such parent company only financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' audit report and the accompanying parent company only financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' audit report and parent company only financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)
Phison Electronics Corp.

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Assets	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		Liabilities and Equity
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
Current assets:					
1100 Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(1))	\$ 17,675,707	28	12,003,683	25	2100 Short-term borrowings (note 6(11))
1110 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss—current (note 6(2))	1,096,736	2	520,1526	11	2130 Contract liabilities—current
1136 Financial assets at amortized cost—current (notes 6(3) and 8)	568,694	1	293,860	1	2170 Accounts payable
1170 Accounts receivable, net (note 6(5))	5,314,769	9	5,346,986	11	2180 Accounts payable—related parties (note 7)
1180 Accounts receivable—related parties, net (notes 6(5) and 7)	2,813,524	4	669,288	1	2200 Other payables (note 6(12))
1200 Other receivables (notes 6(5) and 7)	543,778	1	275,957	1	2230 Tax payable
130X Inventories (note 6(6))	19,191,118	31	10,136,867	22	2280 Lease liabilities—current (note 6(9))
1410 Prepayments	18,213	-	42,921	-	2399 Other current liabilities (notes 6(13) and 7)
1479 Other current assets	1,822	-	32,773	-	
	48,124,361	.76	34,003,761	.72	
Non-current assets:					
1510 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss—non-current (note 6(2))	358,649	1	374,597	1	2530 Bonds payable (note 6(4))
1517 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income—non-current (note 6(4))	438,944	1	199,247	-	2570 Deferred tax liabilities (note 6(16))
1550 Investments accounted for using the equity method (note 6(7))	6,502,466	10	7,997,669	17	2640 Lease liabilities—non-current (note 6(9))
1600 Property, plant and equipment (note 6(8))	5,885,272	9	3,954,832	8	2645 Net defined benefit liabilities (note 6(15))
1755 Right-of-use assets (note 6(9))	57,174	-	33,221	-	
1780 Intangible assets (note 6(10))	311,911	1	310,269	1	
1840 Deferred tax assets (note 6(16))	495,176	1	375,927	1	
1900 Other non-current assets (note 9(2))	583,614	1	337,02	-	
	14,633,206	.24	13,273,364	.28	
Total assets					
	\$ 62,757,567	.00	47,283,125	.00	
Non-current liabilities:					
1800 Common shares					1,970,740
1840 Capital surplus					7,238,436
1850 Retained earnings					27,955,974
1870 Other equity interest					103,284
					(165,341)
					37,368,434
					.60
					35,155,467
					.74
					\$ 62,757,567
					.00
Total liabilities and equity					
					47,283,125
					.00

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)
Phison Electronics Corp.

Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Common Share)

	2021		2020	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
4000 Operating revenue (notes 6(20) and 7)	\$ 62,552,823	100	48,350,427	100
5000 Operating costs (notes 6(6), (8), (15), (21) and 7)	<u>43,504,064</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>36,191,425</u>	<u>75</u>
5910 Gross profit from operations	19,048,759	30	12,159,002	25
5910 Unrealized profit on transactions with associates	<u>(54,596)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,069)</u>	<u>-</u>
5910 Realized gross profit	<u>18,994,163</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>12,154,933</u>	<u>25</u>
6100 Operating expenses (notes 6(8), (15), (21) and 7):				
6200 Marketing expenses	1,045,844	2	879,042	2
6300 General and administrative expenses	779,391	1	719,547	1
6450 Research and development expenses	8,128,771	13	6,763,563	14
6450 Expected credit loss (gain) (note 6(5))	<u>6,600</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(56,269)</u>	<u>-</u>
6450 Total operating expenses	<u>9,960,606</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>8,305,883</u>	<u>17</u>
6450 Net operating income	<u>9,033,557</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>3,849,050</u>	<u>8</u>
7010 Non-operating income and expenses:				
7020 Other income (notes 6(22) and 7)	93,092	-	119,952	-
7050 Other gains and losses (note 6(22))	152,293	-	614,931	1
7100 Finance costs (note 6(22))	<u>(15,359)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,156)</u>	<u>-</u>
7100 Interest income (note 6(22))	27,869	-	31,699	-
7060 Shares of profit of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using the equity method (note 6(7))	<u>297,189</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>4,691,780</u>	<u>10</u>
7060 Profit before tax	<u>555,084</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>5,455,206</u>	<u>11</u>
7950 Income tax expenses (note 6(16))	9,588,641	15	9,304,256	19
8200 Net profit for the year	<u>1,441,426</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>605,212</u>	<u>1</u>
8200 8,147,215	13		8,699,044	18
8300 Other comprehensive income (loss):				
8310 Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
8311 Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(354)	-	(7,434)	-
8316 Unrealized gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (note 6(23))	134,692	-	(15,345)	-
8330 Shares of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using the equity method	251,977	-	(31,905)	-
8349 Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified subsequently (note 6(16))	<u>71</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,487</u>	<u>-</u>
8349 Total items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	386,386	-	(53,197)	-
8360 Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
8361 Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	(106,472)	-	106,038	-
8399 Income tax related to items that may be reclassified subsequently (note 6(16))	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(30,630)</u>	<u>-</u>
8399 Total items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	(106,472)	-	75,408	-
8300 Other comprehensive income	279,914	-	22,211	-
8500 Total comprehensive income	\$ 8,427,129	13	\$ 8,721,255	18
9750 Earnings per share (New Taiwan Dollars) (note 6(19)):				
9750 Basic earnings per share	\$ 41.34		\$ 44.14	
9850 Diluted earnings per share	\$ 40.09		\$ 43.01	

See accompanying notes to parent company only financial statements.

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)
Phison Electronics Corp.

Statements of Changes in Equity

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Total other equity interest					
	Common shares	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Retained earnings
	\$ 1,970,740	6,724,104	3,850,715	380,927	16,411,959	20,643,601
Balance at January 1, 2020					8,699,044	8,699,044
Net profit for the year					(5,947)	(5,947)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year						
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year					75,408	75,408
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:						
Legal reserve appropriated						
Cash dividends of ordinary share						
Reversal of special reserve						
Changes in equity of associates accounted for using the equity method						
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries						
Share-based payments						
Disposal of investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 1,970,740	6,586,173	4,306,531	176,125	22,281,239	26,763,895
Net profit for the year					8,147,215	8,147,215
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year					(283)	(283)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year					(106,472)	(106,472)
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:						
Legal reserve appropriated						
Cash dividends of ordinary share						
Reversal of special reserve						
Changes in equity of associates accounted for using the equity method						
Share-based payments						
Due to recognition of equity component of convertible bonds						
Disposal of investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 1,970,740	7,238,436	5,530,408	155,568	22,310,988	27,995,974
					11,572	11,572
					(143,563)	(143,563)
					(246,947)	(246,947)
					(11,572)	(11,572)
					103,284	103,284
						37,308,434

See accompanying notes to parent company only financial statements.

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)
Phison Electronics Corp.

Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Profit before income tax	\$ 9,588,641	9,304,256
Adjustments:		
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):		
Depreciation expense	396,316	340,969
Amortization expense	270,812	200,124
Expected credit loss (reversal gain)	6,600	(56,269)
Net (gain) loss on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(239,154)	27,217
Financial costs	15,359	3,156
Interest income	(27,869)	(31,699)
Dividend income	(61,691)	(82,471)
Share-based payments	278,593	195,970
Shares of profit of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using the equity method	(297,189)	(4,691,780)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	2,218
Gain on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method	-	(961,153)
Unrealized profit on transactions with associates	54,596	4,069
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)	(63,048)	102,380
Write-down of inventories	135,858	196,619
Recognition of refund liabilities	555,242	261,975
Gains on modification of lease	(6)	(468)
Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	1,024,419	(4,489,143)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable (including related parties)	(2,748,924)	(89,098)
Other receivables	(264,803)	133,214
Inventories	(9,490,109)	1,110,247
Prepayments	24,708	220,899
Other current assets	30,951	(30,306)
Contract liabilities	167,491	(95,062)
Accounts payable (including related parties)	5,655,017	(133,668)
Other payable	1,788,741	1,936,510
Other current liabilities	(108,676)	(183,825)
Net defined benefit liability	1,015	1,149
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities	(4,944,589)	2,870,060
Cash inflow generated from operations	5,668,471	7,685,173
Interest paid	(14,350)	(2,657)
Income taxes paid	(590,006)	(875,411)
Net cash flows from operating activities	5,064,115	6,807,105

(Continued)

See accompanying notes to parent company only financial statements.

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)
Phison Electronics Corp.

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2021	2020
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(105,005)	-
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	246
Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost	(3,652,682)	(293,860)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at amortized cost	3,407,878	20,383
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	(2,150,000)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4,337,537	92,379
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	21,450	19,140
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method	(44,750)	(967,452)
Net cash inflow on disposal of associates	-	1,776,295
Proceeds from capital reduction of investments accounted for using the equity method	54,457	495,011
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(2,286,464)	(1,000,105)
Increase in refundable deposits	(515,401)	(6,039)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(272,454)	(243,054)
Increase in prepayments for equipment	(53,197)	(23,461)
Interest received	28,427	31,525
Dividends received	<u>1,783,503</u>	<u>396,908</u>
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	<u>2,703,299</u>	<u>(1,852,084)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Increase in short-term loans	7,732,390	4,032,516
Decrease in short-term loans	(8,808,888)	(2,573,023)
Proceeds from issuing bonds (excluding issuance costs)	3,511,309	-
Increase in guarantee deposits received	141	94
Payment of lease liabilities	(21,098)	(16,720)
Cash dividends paid	<u>(4,532,702)</u>	<u>(2,561,962)</u>
Net cash flows used in financing activities	<u>(2,118,848)</u>	<u>(1,119,095)</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	<u>23,458</u>	<u>(108,797)</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	<u>5,672,024</u>	<u>3,727,129</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	<u>12,003,683</u>	<u>8,276,554</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 17,675,707</u>	<u>12,003,683</u>

See accompanying notes to parent company only financial statements.

Representation Letter

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of Phison Electronics Corp. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports, and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10, "Consolidated Financial Statements." endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, Phison Electronics Corp. and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Company name: Phison Electronics Corp.

Chairman: Wee-Kuan Gan

Date: March 4, 2022



安侯建業聯合會計師事務所 KPMG

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Phison Electronics Corp.:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Phison Electronics Corp. and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2021, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), International Accounting Standards ("IASs"), Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") and the former Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Code of Professional Ethics in Republic of China ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Based on our judgment, the key audit matters that should be disclosed in this report are as follows:

1. Revenue recognition

Please refer to Note 4(14) "Summary of significant accounting policies—Revenue recognition" , Note 6(23) "Description of significant accounts—Operating revenue" to the consolidated financial statements.



Description of key audit matter:

The Group engaged primarily in the sale of flash memory controllers and peripheral system applications. Revenue is recognized depending on the various trade terms agreed with customers. Whether the Group recognizes revenue depending on the trade term in each individual sale contract to ensure the performance obligation has been satisfied by transferring control over a product to a customer is considered to be complex. In addition, the Group operates in an industry in which sales revenue is easily influenced by various external factors such as supply and demand of the market, and this may impact the recognition of revenue. Consequently, this is one of the key areas that our audit focused on.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

In relation to the key audit matter above, our principal audit procedures included understanding and testing internal controls over sales and collection cycle; understanding the Group's main revenue types, its related sales agreements, and trade terms; on a sample basis, inspecting related sales contracts or sales order and other trade documents to assess whether the timing of revenue recognition was depending on the trade term agreed with customers; performing a sample test on sales transaction that took place before and after the balance sheet date to assess the accuracy of the timing of revenue recognition; and assessing the adequacy of the Group's disclosures of its revenue recognition policy and other related disclosures.

2. Valuation of inventories

Please refer to Note 4(8) "Summary of significant accounting policies—Inventories", Note 5 "Critical Accounting Judgments and Key Sources of Estimations and Assumptions Uncertainty", and Note 6(6) "Description of significant accounts—Inventories" to the consolidated financial statements.

Description of key audit matter:

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Due to the rapid technological innovations and highly competitive environment in the industry of the Group, the life cycles of products of the Group are short and the prices fluctuate rapidly, which could possibly result in a price decline and obsolescence of inventory, wherein the inventory cost may exceed its net realizable value. Consequently, this is one of the key areas that our audit focused on.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

In relation to the key audit matter above, our principal audit procedures included reviewing the aging report of inventory and analyzing the fluctuation of inventory aging; on a sample basis, verifying the accuracy of the net realizable value of inventories and the inventory aging report; assessing the historical reasonableness of management's estimates on inventory provisions; and evaluating whether valuation of inventories was accounted in accordance with the Group's accounting policies and assessing the adequacy of the Group's disclosures of its policy and other related disclosures.

Other Matter

1. Issuing the audit opinion on the parent company only financial statements

Phison Electronics Corp. has prepared its parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. We have issued an unmodified opinion with other matter paragraph on as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021. The predecessor auditor has issued an unmodified opinion with emphasis of matter paragraph as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020.

2. Predecessor auditor issued the audit opinion with other matters paragraph

The consolidated financial statements of the Group as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 were audited by another auditor, who have issued an unmodified opinion with emphasis of matter paragraph on March 11, 2021.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the IFRSs, IASs, IFRIC, and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the audit committee) are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Chien-Hui Lu and Wan-Yuan Yu.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China)
March 4, 2022

Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' audit report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' audit report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)
Phison Electronics Corp. and subsidiaries
Consolidated Balance Sheets
December 31, 2021 and 2020
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Assets				
Current assets:				
1100 Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(1))	\$ 15,940,947	30	14,961,122	31
1110 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – current (note 6(2))	1,206,954	2	5,494,720	12
1136 Financial assets at amortized cost – current (notes 6(3) and 8)	568,694	1	293,860	1
1170 Accounts receivable, net (note 6(5))	5,915,737	9	5,348,420	11
1180 Accounts receivable – related parties, net (notes 6(5) and 7)	281,524	4	669,281	1
1200 Other receivables (notes 6(5) and 7)	623,912	1	305,918	1
1220 Tax assets	2,905	-	4,635	-
130X Inventories (note 6(b))	19,496,534	31	10,141,479	21
1410 Prepayments	24,967	-	74,217	-
1479 Other current assets	2,413	-	33,273	-
	45,696,582	78	37,326,925	78
Non-current assets:				
1510 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – non-current (note 6(2))	451,569	1	437,236	1
1517 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income – non-current (note 6(4))	634,757	1	360,304	1
1550 Investments accounted for using the equity method (note 6(7))	4,155,042	7	4,007,874	8
1600 Property, plant and equipment (notes 6(10) and 8)	6,650,562	11	4,646,540	10
1755 Right-of-use assets (note 6(11))	39,276	-	32,384	-
1780 Intangible assets (note 6(12))	314,671	-	313,894	1
1840 Deferred tax assets (note 6(9))	495,193	1	375,960	1
1900 Other non-current assets (note 9(2))	583,700	1	62,835	2
	13,334,770	22	10,237,027	22
Total assets	\$ 63,021,357	100	47,563,952	100
Liabilities and Equity				
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Current liabilities:				
	December 31, 2021	%	December 31, 2020	%
1210 Short-term borrowings (note 6(13))	\$ 439,216	1	1,480,480	3
1230 Contract liabilities – current	203,044	-	35,553	-
1270 Accounts payable	5,836,376	10	2,166,195	5
1280 Accounts payable – related parties (note 7)	3,200,307	5	1,289,722	3
1290 Other payables (notes 6(14) and 7)	9,821,146	16	6,045,010	13
1220 Tax payable	2230	-	1,223,434	2
1280 Lease liabilities – current (note 6(11))	2280	-	24,027	-
1220 Long-term borrowings, current portion (note 6(16))	2320	-	16,420	-
1290 Other current liabilities (note 6(15))	2399	-	30,947	-
	1,048,696	2	605,208	1
	21,827,193	36	11,762,682	25
Non-Current liabilities:				
	December 31, 2021	%	December 31, 2020	%
1250 Bonds payable (note 6(17))	3,412,855	5	-	-
1250 Long-term borrowings (note 6(16))	164,689	-	195,636	-
1270 Deferred tax liabilities (note 6(19))	183,177	-	325,441	1
1280 Lease liabilities – non-current (note 6(11))	16,003	-	16,212	-
12640 Net defined benefit liabilities (note 6(18))	104,897	-	103,528	-
12645 Guarantee deposits received	4,109	-	4,986	-
	3,885,730	5	645,803	1
	25,712,923	41	12,408,485	26
Total liabilities	\$ 30,598,653	100	18,053,288	100
	Equity (note 6(20)):			
	Common shares			
	3100		1,970,740	4
	Capital surplus		7,238,336	12
	3200		6,586,73	14
	Retained earnings		27,995,974	44
	3300		26,763,895	56
	3400		(165,541)	-
	Other equity interest			
	3400		37,306,434	59
	Total equity			
	37,306,434	59	35,155,467	74
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 63,021,357	100	47,563,952	100

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)
Phison Electronics Corp. and subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Common Share)

	2021		2020	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
4000 Operating revenue (notes 6(23) and 7)	\$ 62,557,192	100	48,496,522	100
5000 Operating costs (notes 6(6), (10), (18), (24) and 7)	43,402,812	69	36,236,716	75
			19,154,380	31
			(54,596)	-
			19,099,784	31
5910 Gross profit from operations			12,259,806	25
			(12,331)	-
			12,247,475	25
6100 Unrealized profit on transactions with associates				
6200 Realized gross profit				
6300 Operating expenses (notes 6(10), (18), (24) and 7):				
6450 Marketing expenses	1,034,735	2	876,567	2
6200 General and administrative expenses	846,159	1	788,866	1
6300 Research and development expenses	8,127,841	13	6,752,676	14
6450 Expected credit loss (gain) (note 6(5))	6,600	-	(60,241)	-
			10,015,335	16
			8,357,868	17
			9,084,449	15
			3,889,607	8
6100 Total operating expenses				
Net operating income				
7010 Non-operating income and expenses:				
7020 Other income (notes 6(25) and 7)	156,060	-	430,640	1
7020 Other gains and losses (notes 6(7), (9) and (25))	187,831	-	4,856,299	10
7050 Finance costs (note 6(25))	(19,006)	-	(5,132)	-
7100 Interest income (note 6(25))	37,546	-	42,993	-
7060 Shares of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method (note 6(7))	290,734	-	479,022	1
			653,165	-
			5,803,822	12
			9,737,614	15
			9,693,429	20
			1,590,399	2
			986,678	2
			8,147,215	13
			8,706,751	18
7900 Profit before tax				
7950 Income tax expenses (note 6(19))				
8200 Net profit for the year				
8300 Other comprehensive income (loss):				
8310 Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
8311 Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(354)	-	(7,434)	-
8316 Unrealized gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (note 6(26))	99,481	-	(107,664)	-
8320 Shares of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using the equity method	287,188	-	60,414	-
8349 Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified subsequently (note 6(19))	71	-	1,487	-
			386,386	-
			(53,197)	-
8360 Total items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
8361 Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
8361 Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	(106,472)	-	106,330	-
8399 Income tax related to items that may be reclassified subsequently (note 6(19))	-	-	(30,630)	-
			(106,472)	-
			75,700	-
			279,914	-
			22,503	-
			\$ 8,427,129	13
			8,729,254	18
8300 Other comprehensive income				
8500 Total comprehensive income				
Net profit attributable to:				
8610 Owners of the Company	\$ 8,147,215	13	8,699,044	18
8620 Non-controlling interests	-	-	7,707	-
			\$ 8,147,215	13
			8,706,751	18
Comprehensive income attributable to:				
8710 Owners of the Company	\$ 8,147,215	13	8,721,255	18
8720 Non-controlling interests	-	-	7,999	-
			\$ 8,147,215	13
			8,729,254	18
Earnings per share (New Taiwan Dollars) (note 6(22)):				
9750 Basic earnings per share	\$ 41.34		44.14	
9850 Diluted earnings per share	\$ 40.09		43.01	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)
Philson Electronics Corp. and subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity
For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)
Phison Electronics Corp. and subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Profit before income tax	\$ 9,737,614	9,693,429
Adjustments:		
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):		
Depreciation expense	470,642	377,747
Amortization expense	271,835	200,961
Expected credit loss (reversal gain)	6,600	(60,241)
Net (gain) loss on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(266,703)	23,814
Financial costs	19,006	5,132
Interest income	(37,546)	(42,993)
Dividend income	(95,052)	(82,471)
Share-based payments	281,369	197,810
Shares of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method	(290,734)	(479,022)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	2,282
Loss (gain) on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method	272	(5,202,580)
Unrealized profit on transactions with associates	54,596	12,331
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	31,423	197,736
Write-down of inventories	135,888	203,123
Recognition of refund liabilities	555,242	261,975
Gains on modification of lease	(6)	(468)
Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	1,136,832	(4,384,864)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable (including related parties)	(2,748,366)	(205,299)
Other receivables	(314,156)	126,753
Inventories	(9,490,943)	1,048,001
Prepayments	49,250	190,914
Other current assets	30,802	(10,615)
Contract liabilities	167,491	(92,481)
Accounts payable (including related parties)	5,605,507	(34,107)
Other payable	1,830,736	1,669,061
Other current liabilities	(169,088)	(171,443)
Net defined benefit liability	1,015	1,149
Deferred revenue	-	(1,060)
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities	(5,037,752)	2,520,873
Cash inflow generated from operations	5,836,694	7,829,438
Interest paid	(19,143)	(4,621)
Income taxes paid	(720,321)	(1,222,691)
Net cash flows from operating activities	5,097,230	6,602,126

(Continued)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)
Phison Electronics Corp. and subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2021	2020
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(174,972)	(3,825)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	144,485
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	246
Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost	(3,652,682)	(396,026)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at amortized cost	3,407,878	121,862
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(203,338)	(2,167,078)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4,721,119	92,379
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	21,450	19,140
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method	-	(217,725)
Net cash inflow on disposal of associates	-	1,776,295
Net cash flow from acquisition of subsidiaries	-	(316,430)
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	-	1,713,062
Proceeds from capital reduction of investments accounted for using the equity method	54,457	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(2,340,904)	(1,057,251)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	177
Increase in refundable deposits	(514,336)	(6,458)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(272,624)	(247,510)
Increase in prepayments for equipment	(50,038)	(53,049)
Interest received	36,777	43,189
Dividends received	<u>166,365</u>	<u>119,907</u>
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	<u>1,199,152</u>	<u>(434,610)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Increase in short-term loans	7,822,390	4,062,516
Decrease in short-term loans	(8,866,888)	(2,605,023)
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(30,486)	(106,700)
Proceeds from issuing bonds (excluding issuance costs)	3,511,309	-
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	(877)	(254)
Payment of lease liabilities	(21,392)	(15,506)
Cash dividends paid	(4,532,702)	(2,561,962)
Change in non-controlling interests	-	(34,734)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	<u>(2,118,646)</u>	<u>(1,261,663)</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	<u>(97,911)</u>	<u>(149,988)</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	<u>4,079,825</u>	<u>4,755,865</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	<u>14,961,122</u>	<u>10,205,257</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 19,040,947</u>	<u>14,961,122</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Comparison Table for Amendments to Articles of Association

Current Articles		Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
Item	Content	Item	Content	
Article 9	<p>Shareholders' meeting can be divided into regular meetings and special meetings. Regular meetings are convened once a year and usually within six months of the end of each fiscal year. The regular meeting is convened by the board of directors according to the law. Special meetings may be convened according to the law when necessary.</p>	Article 9	<p>Shareholders' meeting can be divided into regular meetings and special meetings. Regular meetings are convened once a year and usually within six months of the end of each fiscal year. The regular meeting is convened by the board of directors according to the law. Special meetings may be convened according to the law when necessary.</p> <p>The shareholders' meeting of the Company may be held by means of visual communication network or other methods promulgated by the central competent authority. In case a shareholders' meeting is proceeded via visual communication network, the shareholders taking part in such a visual communication meeting shall be deemed to have attended the meeting in person.</p>	<p>In order to make the method of holding the shareholders' meetings more flexible, the Articles of Association is amended in accordance with the provisions of Article 172-2 of the Company Act.</p>

Current Articles		Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
Item	Content	Item	Content	
Article 21	The Articles were established on October 24, 2000. The first amendment was made on November 21, 2000. The second amendment was made on September 5, 2001. The third amendment was made on February 15, 2002. The fourth amendment was made on April 9, 2002. The fifth amendment was made on June 25, 2002. The sixth amendment was made on March 26, 2003. The seventh amendment was made on November 12, 2003. The eighth amendment was made on June 15, 2004. The ninth amendment was made on March 17, 2005.	Article 21 The first amendment was made on November 21, 2000. The second amendment was made on September 5, 2001. The third amendment was made on February 15, 2002. The fourth amendment was made on April 9, 2002. The fifth amendment was made on June 25, 2002. The sixth amendment was made on March 26, 2003. The seventh amendment was made on November 12, 2003. The eighth amendment was made on June 15, 2004. The ninth amendment was made on March 17, 2005.	The Articles were established on October 24, 2000. The first amendment was made on November 21, 2000. The second amendment was made on September 5, 2001. The third amendment was made on February 15, 2002. The fourth amendment was made on April 9, 2002. The fifth amendment was made on June 25, 2002. The sixth amendment was made on March 26, 2003. The seventh amendment was made on November 12, 2003. The eighth amendment was made on June 15, 2004. The ninth amendment was made on March 17, 2005.	Add the number of amendments and date of amendment.

Current Articles		Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
Item	Content	Item	Content	
	The tenth amendment was made on June 16, 2005. The eleventh amendment was made on June 14, 2006.		The tenth amendment was made on June 16, 2005. The eleventh amendment was made on June 14, 2006.	
	The twelfth amendment was made on November 1, 2006.		The twelfth amendment was made on November 1, 2006.	
	The thirteenth amendment was made on June 13, 2007.		The thirteenth amendment was made on June 13, 2007.	
	The fourteenth amendment was made on June 13, 2008.		The fourteenth amendment was made on June 13, 2008.	
	The fifteenth amendment was made on May 8, 2009.		The fifteenth amendment was made on May 8, 2009.	
	The sixteenth amendment was made on June 15, 2010.		The sixteenth amendment was made on June 15, 2010.	
	The seventeenth amendment was made on June 15, 2011.		The seventeenth amendment was made on June 15, 2011.	
	The eighteenth amendment was made on June 11, 2013.		The eighteenth amendment was made on June 11, 2013.	
	The nineteenth amendment was made on June 17, 2014.		The nineteenth amendment was made on June 17, 2014.	

Current Articles		Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
Item	Content	Item	Content	
	The twentieth amendment was made on June 2, 2015. The twenty-first amendment was made on June 15, 2016. The twenty-second amendment was made on June 13, 2017. The twenty-third amendment was made on June 12, 2019. The twenty-four amendment was made on June 3, 2020. The twenty-fifth amendment was made on July 26, 2021.		The twentieth amendment was made on June 2, 2015. The twenty-first amendment was made on June 15, 2016. The twenty-second amendment was made on June 13, 2017. The twenty-third amendment was made on June 12, 2019. The twenty-four amendment was made on June 3, 2020. The twenty-fifth amendment was made on July 26, 2021. <u>The twenty-sixth amendment was made on May 24, 2022.</u>	

Comparison Table for Amendments to Articles of Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meeting

Item	Current Articles		Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
	Item	Content	Item	Content	
Article 1	The Company's shareholder's meeting shall be conducted in accordance with the Rules. The items which are not regulated in the Rules shall be processed in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Company Act and the Articles of Association of Company.	Article 1	The Company's shareholder's meeting shall be conducted in accordance with the Rules. The items which are not regulated in the Rules shall be processed in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Company Act and the Articles of Association of the Company.	The wording of this article is revised.	
	<u>This article is a new provision.</u>		<u>Article 1-1</u>	<p>The shareholders' meetings of the Company may be convened by means of physical meeting, visual communication network or other methods promulgated by the central competent authority.</p> <p>If the shareholders' meeting is held through visual communication,</p> <p>shareholders, an issuer's proxy solicitors, and proxy agents (hereinafter referred to as "shareholders") who wish to attend the meeting online shall register with the Company two days before the meeting date. The shareholders taking part in such a visual communication meeting shall be deemed to have attended the meeting in person.</p>	
Article 2	Attending shareholders or their agents are required to wear an attendance card and to		Article 2	Attending shareholders or their agents are required to wear an attendance card and to	Amended to be in line with the laws and

Item	Content	Item	Content	Amendment Explanation
	<p>submit attendance cards in lieu of signing in. The number of shares represented by shareholders attending the meeting shall be calculated in accordance with the number of attendance cards submitted by shareholders and the number of shares held by shareholders who are permitted to exercise voting rights in electronic form.</p>		<p>and to submit attendance cards in lieu of signing in. The number of shares represented by shareholders attending the meeting shall be calculated in accordance with the number of attendance cards submitted by shareholders and the attending <u>number of shares on the platform of the visual communication network,</u> and the number of shares held by shareholders who are permitted to exercise voting rights in electronic form.</p>	<p>Amended to be in line with the laws and regulations.</p>
Article 3	<p>Shareholders' meeting shall convene at the Company's registered office or a place convenient to attend and suitable for meeting, the meeting shall be called no earlier than 9 a.m. and no later than 3 p.m.</p>	Article 3	<p>Shareholders' meeting shall convene at the Company's registered office or a place convenient to attend and suitable for meeting, the meeting shall be called no earlier than 9 a.m. and no later than 3 p.m. <u>The restrictions on the place of the meeting shall not apply when the Company convenes a virtual shareholders meeting.</u></p>	<p>Amended to be in line with the laws and regulations.</p>
Article 5	<p>Entire proceedings of shareholders' meeting shall be recorded on audio or video tape and preserved for at least 1 year.</p>	Article 5	<p>Entire proceedings of shareholders' meeting shall be recorded on audio or video tape and preserved for at least 1 year. <u>Where a shareholders meeting is held online, the Company shall keep records of shareholder registration, sign-in,</u></p>	<p>Amended to be in line with the laws and regulations.</p>

Item	Current Articles		Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
	Content	Item	Content	Content	
			<p><u>check-in, questions raised, votes cast and results of votes counted by the Company, and continuously audio and video record, without interruption, the proceedings of the virtual meeting from beginning to end.</u></p> <p>The information and audio and video recording in the preceding paragraph shall be properly kept by the Company during the entirety of its existence, and copies of the audio and video recording shall be provided to and kept by the party appointed to handle matters of the virtual meeting.</p> <p>In case of a virtual shareholders meeting, the Company is advised to audio and video record the back-end operation interface of the virtual meeting platform.</p>		<p><u>check-in, questions raised, votes cast and results of votes counted by the Company, and continuously audio and video record, without interruption, the proceedings of the virtual meeting from beginning to end.</u></p> <p>The information and audio and video recording in the preceding paragraph shall be properly kept by the Company during the entirety of its existence, and copies of the audio and video recording shall be provided to and kept by the party appointed to handle matters of the virtual meeting.</p> <p>In case of a virtual shareholders meeting, the Company is advised to audio and video record the back-end operation interface of the virtual meeting platform.</p>
Article 6	When a majority of the shareholders present, who represent more than one-half of the total number of voting shares, the meeting Chairman shall call the meeting. If the number of shares represented by the attending shareholders has not yet constituted the quorum at the time scheduled for the general meeting, the meeting Chairman may postpone the time for the meeting. The postponements shall be	Article 6	When a majority of the shareholders present, who represent more than one-half of the total number of voting shares, the meeting Chairman shall call the meeting. If the number of shares represented by the attending shareholders has not yet constituted the quorum at the time scheduled for the general meeting, the meeting Chairman may postpone the time for the meeting.		Amended to be in line with the laws and regulations.

Current Articles		Amended Articles	
Item	Content	Item	Content
	<p>limited to two times at most, and the meeting shall not be postponed for more than one hour in total. If after two postponements the number of Shares represented by the attending Shareholders has not yet constituted more than one-third (1/3) of all Shares in issue present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote, a tentative resolution may be passed in accordance with Article 175 of the Company Act.</p> <p>During the execution of a tentative resolution, if the number of Shares represented by the attending Shareholders has already constituted more than an aggregate of one-half (1/2) of all shares in issue, the meeting Chairman may put the tentative resolutions already passed to the Shareholders' resolution again in accordance with Article 174 of the Company Act.</p>	<p>The postponements shall be limited to two times at most, and the meeting shall not be postponed for more than one hour in total. If after two postponements the number of Shares represented by the attending Shareholders has not yet constituted more than one-third (1/3) of all Shares in issue present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote, a tentative resolution may be passed in accordance with Article 175 of the Company Act.</p> <p>During the execution of a tentative resolution, if the number of Shares represented by the attending Shareholders has already constituted more than an aggregate of one-half (1/2) of all shares in issue, the meeting Chairman may put the tentative resolutions already passed to the Shareholders' resolution again in accordance with Article 174 of the Company Act.</p>	<p>The postponements shall be limited to two times at most, and the meeting shall not be postponed for more than one hour in total. If after two postponements the number of Shares represented by the attending Shareholders has not yet constituted more than one-third (1/3) of all Shares in issue present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote, a tentative resolution may be passed in accordance with Article 175 of the Company Act.</p> <p>During the execution of a tentative resolution, if the number of Shares represented by the attending Shareholders has already constituted more than an aggregate of one-half (1/2) of all shares in issue, the meeting Chairman may put the tentative resolutions already passed to the Shareholders' resolution again in accordance with Article 174 of the Company Act.</p>

Current Articles		Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
Item	Content	Item	Content	
	<p>board of directors, the board of directors shall decide the proceedings and the meeting shall be conducted accordingly, no changes may be made except with the resolution of the shareholder meeting.</p> <p>The preceding paragraph applies to circumstances where the shareholder's meeting is convened by any person, who is outside the board of directors but having the convening right.</p> <p>Prior to conclusion of the preceding two agenda items (including extraordinary motions), the meeting Chairman may not declare the meeting adjourned without a resolution.</p> <p>After a meeting closed, shareholders may not elect another meeting Chairman to continue the proceeding of the meeting at the same or a new place, provided that, if the meeting Chairman declares the adjournment of the meeting in a manner in violation of rules governing the proceedings of meetings, a new meeting Chairman may be elected by a resolution to be adopted by a majority of the voting rights represented by the shareholders attending the said meeting to continue the proceeding of the meeting.</p>	<p>the board of directors, the board of directors shall decide the proceedings and the meeting shall be conducted accordingly, no changes may be made except with the resolution of the shareholder meeting.</p> <p>Changes to how the Company convenes its shareholders' meeting shall be resolved by the board of directors, and shall be made no later than mailing of the shareholders' meeting notice.</p> <p>The preceding paragraph applies to circumstances where the shareholder's meeting is convened by any person, who is outside the board of directors but having the convening right.</p> <p>Prior to conclusion of the preceding two agenda items (including extraordinary motions), the meeting Chairman may not declare the meeting adjourned without a resolution.</p> <p>After a meeting closed, shareholders may not elect another meeting Chairman to continue the proceeding of the meeting at the same or a new place, provided that, if the meeting Chairman declares the adjournment of the meeting in a manner in violation of rules governing the proceedings of meetings, a new meeting Chairman may be elected by a resolution to be adopted by a majority of the voting rights represented by the shareholders attending the said meeting to continue the proceeding of the meeting.</p>	<p>with the laws and regulations.</p>	

Item	Current Articles		Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
	Content	Item	Content	Item	
			governing the proceedings of meetings, a new meeting Chairman may be elected by a resolution to be adopted by a majority of the voting rights represented by the shareholders attending the said meeting to continue the proceeding of the meeting.		
This article is a new provision.		<u>Article 8-1</u>	When the Company convenes a virtual-only shareholders meeting, both the chair and secretary shall be in the same location, and the chair shall declare the address of their location when the meeting is called to order.		Added to be in line with the amendments of the laws and regulations.
This article is a new provision.		<u>Article 8-2</u>	When the Company convenes a virtual-shareholders meeting, it shall include the items stipulated in the <u>Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies in the shareholders' meeting notice.</u>		Added to be in line with the amendments of the laws and regulations.
This article is a new provision.		<u>Article 13-1</u>	Where a virtual shareholders' meeting is convened, shareholders attending the virtual meeting online may raise questions in writing at the virtual meeting platform from the chair declaring the meeting open until the chair declaring the meeting adjourned. No more than two questions for the same		Added to be in line with the amendments of the laws and regulations.

Current Articles		Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
Item	Content	Item	Content	
			<p>proposal may be raised. Each question shall contain no more than 200 words.</p> <p><u>The regulations in Articles 11 and 12 do not apply. As long as questions so raised are not in violation of the regulations or beyond the scope of a proposal, it is advisable that the questions be disclosed to the public on the virtual meeting platform.</u></p>	
Article 16	Except as otherwise provided in the Company Act and in the Company's Articles of Association, the resolution of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. <u>A proposal is deemed to have passed when no attending shareholders gave the dissent after being informed by the meeting Chairman and the effect thereof is the same as a vote.</u>	Article 16	<p>Except as otherwise provided in the Company Act and in the Company's Articles of Association, the resolution of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. <u>At the time of a vote, for each proposal, the chair or a person designated by the chair shall first announce the total number of voting rights represented by the attending shareholders, followed by a poll of the shareholders.</u> After the conclusion of the meeting, <u>on the same day it is held, the results for each proposal, based on the numbers of votes for and against and the number of abstentions, shall be entered into the MOPS.</u></p>	
Article 18	In the event amendments or substitutions	Article 18	In the event amendments or substitutions	Amended to be in line

Item	Current Articles Content	Amended Articles Item	Amended Articles Content	Amendment Explanation
	<p>are provided for in the same proposal, the meeting Chairman may decide the order of the vote including the original proposal.</p> <p>When any one among of them is passed, the other proposals are simultaneously rejected and no further voting shall be required.</p> <p>When the written proposal of a shareholder, pursuant to the Article 172-1 of the Company Act, is included in the agenda of the general shareholders' meeting, and if the type of the proposal is similar to the one already proposed by the board of directors, these proposal submissions shall be combined and processed in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph.</p> <p>The order of the discussion of each proposal brought up in extraordinary motion and the order of the vote shall be decided by the meeting Chairman.</p>		<p>are provided for in the same proposal, the meeting Chairman may decide the order of the vote including the original proposal. When any one among of them is passed, the other proposals are simultaneously rejected and no further voting shall be required.</p> <p>When the written proposal of a shareholder, pursuant to the Article 172-1 of the Company Act, is included in the agenda of the general shareholders' meeting, and if the type of the proposal is similar to the one already proposed by the board of directors, these proposal submissions shall be combined and processed in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph.</p> <p>The order of the discussion of each proposal brought up in extraordinary motion and the order of the vote shall be decided by the meeting Chairman.</p> <p><u>When the Company convenes a virtual shareholders' meeting, after the chair declares the meeting open, shareholders attending the meeting online shall cast votes on proposals and elections on the virtual meeting platform before the chair announces the voting session ends or</u></p>	

Current Articles		Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
Item	Content	Item	Content	
			<p><u>will be deemed abstained from voting.</u></p> <p><u>In the event of a virtual shareholders' meeting, votes shall be counted one at a time after the chair announces the voting session ends, and results of votes and elections shall be announced immediately.</u></p>	<p>Added to be in line with the amendments of the laws and regulations.</p>
This article is a new provision.		Article 18-1	<p><u>In the event of a virtual shareholders' meeting, the Company shall disclose real-time results of votes and election immediately after the end of the voting session on the virtual meeting platform according to the regulations, and this disclosure shall continue at least 15 minutes after the chair has announced the meeting adjourned.</u></p>	<p>Added to be in line with the amendments of the laws and regulations.</p>
This article is a new provision.		Article 18-2	<p><u>In the event of a virtual shareholders' meeting, when declaring the meeting open, the chair shall also declare, unless under a circumstance where a meeting is not required to be postponed to or resumed at another time under Article 44-20, paragraph 4 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, if the virtual meeting platform or participation in the virtual meeting is obstructed due to natural</u></p>	

Item	Current Articles Content	Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
		Item	Content	
			<p><u>disasters, accidents or other force</u>, <u>majeure events before the chair has</u>, <u>announced the meeting adjourned, and</u>, <u>the obstruction continues for more than</u>, <u>30 minutes, the meeting shall be</u>, <u>postponed to or resumed on another date</u>, <u>within five days, in which case Article</u>, <u>182 of the Company Act shall not apply.</u></p> <p>For a meeting to be postponed or resumed as described in the preceding paragraph, shareholders who have not registered to participate in the affected shareholders' meeting online shall not attend the postponed or resumed session.</p> <p>For a meeting to be postponed or resumed under the first paragraph, the number of shares represented by, and voting rights and election rights exercised by the shareholders who have registered to participate in the affected shareholders' meeting and have successfully signed in the meeting, but do not attend the postpone or resumed session, at the affected shareholders' meeting, shall be counted towards the total number of shares, number of voting rights and number of election rights represented at the postponed or resumed</p>	

Current Articles		Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
Item	Content	Item	Content	
			<p><u>session.</u></p> <p>During a postponed or resumed session of a shareholders' meeting held under the first paragraph, no further discussion or resolution is required for proposals for which votes have been cast and counted and results have been announced, or list of elected directors.</p> <p>When the Company convenes a hybrid shareholders' meeting, and the virtual meeting cannot continue as described in the first paragraph, if the total number of shares represented at the meeting, after deducting those represented by shareholders attending the virtual shareholders' meeting online, still meets the minimum legal requirement for a shareholders' meeting, then the shareholders' meeting shall continue, and not postponement or resumption thereof under the first paragraph is required.</p> <p>Under the circumstances where a meeting should continue as in the preceding paragraph, the shares represented by shareholders attending the virtual meeting online shall be counted towards the total number of shares represented by shareholders</p>	

Current Articles		Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
Item	Content	Item	Content	
			<p>present at the meeting, provided these shareholders shall be deemed abstaining from voting on all proposals on meeting agenda of that shareholders' meeting.</p> <p>When postponing or resuming a meeting according to the first paragraph, the Company shall handle the preparatory work based on the date of the original shareholders' meeting, in accordance with the requirements listed under Article 44-20, paragraph 7 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies.</p>	
	This article is a new provision.	Article 18-3	<p>When convening a virtual-only shareholders meeting, the Company shall provide appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties regulations in attending a virtual shareholders' meeting online.</p>	<p>Added to be in line with the amendments of the laws and regulations.</p>
Article 22	<p>This rule is made on March 26, 2003.</p> <p>The first amendment was made on June 14, 2006.</p> <p>The second amendment was made on June 13, 2017.</p>	Article 22	<p>This rule is made on March 26, 2003.</p> <p>The first amendment was made on June 14, 2006.</p> <p>The second amendment was made on June 13, 2017.</p> <p>The third amendment was made on May 24, 2022.</p>	<p>Add the number of amendments and date of amendment.</p>

Comparison Table for Amendments to Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets

Article	Current Articles		Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
	Content	Article	Content	Article	
Article 3	<p>Scope of assets and terminology</p> <p>4. The scope of assets mentioned in the Procedures is as follows:</p> <p>(4) long-term and short-term investment: stocks, government bonds, corporate bonds, financial debenture, securities of outstanding fund, depositary receipt, call (put) warrant, beneficiary securities, and asset backed securities.</p> <p>(2) Real property (including land, houses and buildings, investment property) and equipment.</p> <p>(3) Membership certificate.</p> <p>(4) Intangible asset: including patent, copyright, trade mark right, and franchise.</p> <p>(5) Right-of-use assets.</p> <p>(6) Financial institutes' debentures (including account receivable, foreign exchange buying discount, loan, and non-accrual debt).</p> <p>(7) Financial derivatives.</p> <p>(8) Asset acquired or disposed due to legal merger, division, acquisition, or receiving shares.</p> <p>(9) Other major assets.</p> <p>2. Definitions:</p> <p>(4) Derivatives: Forward contracts, options contracts, futures contracts, leverage contracts, or swap contracts, whose value is derived from a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index, or other variable; or hybrid contracts combining the above contracts; or hybrid contracts or structured products containing embedded derivatives. The term "forward contracts" does not include insurance contracts, performance contracts, after-contracts, after-sales service contracts, long-term leasing contracts, or long-term purchase (sales) contracts.</p> <p>(2) Asset acquired or disposed due to legal merger, demerger,</p>	<p>Article 3</p> <p>Scope of assets and terminology</p> <p>The scope of assets mentioned in the Procedures is as follows:</p> <p><u>1.</u> long-term and short-term investment: stocks, government bonds, corporate bonds, financial debenture, securities of outstanding fund, depositary receipt, call (put) warrant, beneficiary securities, and asset backed securities.</p> <p><u>2.</u> Real property (including land, houses and buildings, investment property) and equipment.</p> <p><u>3.</u> Membership certificate.</p> <p><u>4.</u> Intangible asset: including patent, copyright, trade mark right, and franchise.</p> <p><u>5.</u> Right-of-use assets.</p> <p><u>6.</u> Financial institutes' debentures (including account receivable, foreign exchange buying discount, loan, and non-accrual debt).</p> <p><u>7.</u> Financial derivatives.</p> <p><u>8.</u> Asset acquired or disposed due to legal merger, division, acquisition, or receiving shares.</p> <p><u>9.</u> Other major assets.</p> <p>Definitions:</p> <p><u>1.</u> Derivatives: Forward contracts, options contracts, futures contracts, leverage contracts, or swap contracts, whose value is derived from a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index, or other variable; or hybrid contracts combining the above contracts; or hybrid contracts or structured products containing embedded derivatives. The term "forward contracts" does not include insurance contracts, performance contracts, after-sales service contracts, long-term leasing contracts, or long-term purchase (sales) contracts.</p> <p><u>2.</u> Asset acquired or disposed due to legal merger, demerger,</p>	<p>Amendment Explanation</p> <p>Adjusted the numbering of the article and paragraph and amended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies.</p>		

Article	Current Articles Content	Article	Amended Articles Content	Amendment Explanation
	<p>acquisition, or receiving shares: Assets acquired from or disposed through merger, demerger, or acquisition in accordance with Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, Financial Holding Company Act, Financial Institutions Merger Act, or other laws and regulations, or receiving IPO shares of other company (herein after referred to as transfer of shares) in accordance with Article 156-3 of the Company Act.</p> <p>(3) Stakeholders/subsidiary: As the Regulations the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers may define.</p> <p>(4) Professional appraiser: Real estate property appraiser or other professionals legally permitted for practicing appraisal on real estate property and equipment.</p> <p>(5) Actual occurrence date: a contract execution date, payment date, completion date, ownership transfer date, board of directors' resolution date, or date on which a counterparty and transaction amount become definitely certain, whichever happens earlier. However, for investment that requires approval from the competent authority, an actual occurrence date shall be either the date above-mentioned or the date of the said approval, whichever happens earlier.</p> <p>(6) Investment in Mainland China area: An investment made in Mainland China in compliance with the Regulations Governing Approval for Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China Area stipulated by the Investment Commission, Ministry of Economic Affairs.</p> <p>(7) Investment professional: Refers to financial holding companies, banks, insurance companies, bill finance companies, trust enterprises, securities firms operating proprietary trading or underwriting business, futures commission merchants operating proprietary trading business, securities investment trust enterprises, securities investment consulting enterprises, and fund management companies, that are lawfully incorporated and are regulated by the competent financial authorities of the jurisdiction where they are located.</p>			

Article	Current Articles Content	Article	Amended Articles Content	Amendment Explanation
	<p>(8) Securities exchange: "Domestic securities exchange" refers to the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation; "foreign securities exchange" refers to any organized securities exchange market that is regulated by the competent securities authorities of the jurisdiction where it is located.</p> <p>(9) Over-the-counter venue ("OTC venue", "OTC"): "Domestic OTC venue" refers to a venue for OTC trading provided by a securities firm in accordance with the Regulations Governing Securities Trading on the Taipei Exchange; "foreign OTC venue" refers to a venue at a financial institution that is regulated by the foreign competent authority and that is permitted to conduct securities business.</p> <p>3. For the valuation report obtained by the Company or the opinion of the accountants, attorneys or securities underwriters, the professional appraisers and the valuers, the accountants, attorneys or securities underwriters and the dealing party shall meet the following requirements.</p> <p>(1) May not have previously received a final and unappealable sentence to imprisonment for 1 year or longer for a violation of the Act, the Company Act, the Banking Act of The Republic of China, the Insurance Act, the Financial Holding Company Act, or the Business Entity Accounting Act, or for fraud, breach of trust, embezzlement, forgery of documents, or occupational crime. However, this provision does not apply if 3 years have already passed since completion of service of the sentence, since expiration of the period of a suspended sentence, or since pardon was received.</p> <p>(2) May not be a related party or de facto related party of any party to the transaction.</p> <p>(3) If the company is required to obtain appraisal reports from two or more professional appraisers, the different professional appraisers or appraisal officers may not be related parties or de facto related parties of each other.</p> <p>When issuing an appraisal report or opinion, the professionals referred to in the preceding paragraph shall comply with the Regulations and</p>			

Article	Current Articles Content	Article	Amended Articles Content	Amendment Explanation
Article 4 <i>Evaluation Procedure: The price determination method and reference basis for acquisition and disposal of assets of the Company shall comply with the following regulations:</i>	<p>1. Securities: Omitted. (1) Omitted. (2) Omitted.</p> <p>Where the transaction amount reaches 20% of more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the Company shall engage a certified public accountant to render an opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price before the date of the occurrence; If the certified public accountant needs to adopt a professional report, the certified public accountant shall comply with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20, published by the Accounting Research and Development Foundation (hereafter referred to as the "ARDF"). This requirement does not apply, however, to publicly quoted prices of securities that have an active market, or where otherwise provided by regulations of the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC").</p> <p>2. Real Property, Equipment, or right-of-use assets thereof: Omitted. (1) Omitted. (2) Omitted.</p> <p>(3) Where any one of the following circumstances applies with respect to the professional appraiser's appraisal results, except in the case when the appraisal results of acquiring an asset are higher than the transaction amount, or when the appraisal results of disposing an asset are lower than the transaction amount, a certified public accountant shall be engaged to perform the appraisal in accordance with the provisions of Statement of</p>	<p>Article 4 <i>The price determination method and reference basis for acquisition and disposal of assets of the Company shall comply with the following regulations:</i></p> <p>1. Securities: Omitted. (1) Omitted. (2) Omitted.</p> <p>Where the transaction amount reaches 20% of more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the Company shall engage a certified public accountant to render an opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price before the date of the occurrence; based on the provisions of Paragraph 4 of Article 3. This requirement does not apply, however, to publicly quoted prices of securities that have an active market, or where otherwise provided by regulations of the Financial Supervisory Commission (hereafter referred to as the "FSC").</p> <p>2. Real Property, Equipment, or right-of-use assets thereof: Omitted. (1) Omitted. (2) Omitted.</p> <p>(3) Where any one of the following circumstances applies with respect to the professional appraiser's appraisal results, except in the case when the appraisal results of acquiring an asset are higher than the transaction amount, or when the appraisal results of disposing an asset are lower than the transaction amount, a certified public accountant, based on the provisions of Paragraph 4 of Article 3, and render a specific opinion regarding the reason</p>	<p>the industry codes of their respective trade associations of which they are members as well as the related regulations.</p> <p>The price determination method and reference basis for acquisition and disposal of assets of the Company shall comply with the following regulations:</p> <p>1. Securities: Omitted. (1) Omitted. (2) Omitted.</p> <p>Where the transaction amount reaches 20% of more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the Company shall engage a certified public accountant to render an opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price before the date of the occurrence; based on the provisions of Paragraph 4 of Article 3. This requirement does not apply, however, to publicly quoted prices of securities that have an active market, or where otherwise provided by regulations of the Financial Supervisory Commission (hereafter referred to as the "FSC").</p> <p>2. Real Property, Equipment, or right-of-use assets thereof: Omitted. (1) Omitted. (2) Omitted.</p> <p>(3) Where any one of the following circumstances applies with respect to the professional appraiser's appraisal results, except in the case when the appraisal results of acquiring an asset are higher than the transaction amount, or when the appraisal results of disposing an asset are lower than the transaction amount, a certified public accountant, based on the provisions of Paragraph 4 of Article 3, and render a specific opinion regarding the reason</p>	<p>Amended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies and the operation of the Company.</p>

Article	Current Articles Content	Amended Articles Content	Amendment Explanation
	<p>Auditng Standards No. 20 published by the ARDF and render a specific opinion regarding the reason for the discrepancy and the appropriateness of the transaction price:</p> <p>I. The discrepancy between the appraisal result and the transaction amount is 20% or more of the transaction amount.</p> <p>II. The discrepancy between the appraisal result and the transaction amount is 10% or more of the transaction amount.</p> <p>(4) Omitted.</p> <p>3. Intangible Assets or right-of-use assets thereof or memberships: Acquisition or disposal of intangible Assets or right-of-use assets thereof or memberships shall be conducted after collecting relevant price information and assess regulations. Shall be prudently assess regulations and contract content to determine the transaction price. Acquisition or disposal of memberships shall be conducted after collecting relevant price information and based on inquiry or parity. Where the Company acquires or disposes intangible assets or right-of-use assets thereof or memberships and the transaction amount reaches 20% of more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the Company, unless transacting with a domestic government agency, shall engage a certified public accountant to render an opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price before the date of the occurrence; the certified public accountant shall comply with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ARDF</p> <p>4. Omitted.</p> <p>5. Other Major Assets Omitted.</p> <p>6. Omitted.</p>	<p>for the discrepancy and the appropriateness of the transaction price:</p> <p>I. The discrepancy between the appraisal result and the transaction amount is 20% or more of the transaction amount.</p> <p>II. The discrepancy between the appraisal result and the transaction amount is 10% or more of the transaction amount.</p> <p>(4) Omitted.</p> <p>3. Intangible Assets or right-of-use assets thereof or memberships: Acquisition or disposal of intangible Assets or right-of-use assets thereof or memberships shall be conducted after collecting relevant price information and assess regulations. Shall be prudently assess regulations and contract content to determine the transaction price. Acquisition or disposal of memberships shall be conducted after collecting relevant price information and based on inquiry or parity. Where the Company acquires or disposes intangible assets or right-of-use assets thereof or memberships and the transaction amount reaches 20% of more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the Company, unless transacting with a domestic government agency, shall engage a certified public accountant to render an opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price before the date of the occurrence; based on the provisions of Paragraph 4 of Article 3,</p> <p>4. Omitted.</p> <p>5. Other Major Assets Omitted.</p> <p>6. Omitted.</p>	
Article 5	<p>Operating Procedure</p> <p>1. Authorization Limit and Level</p> <p>(1) For acquisition or disposal of assets by the Company, the undertaker shall consolidate the information such as reason of acquisition or disposal, target object, counterpart, transfer price, payment conditions and price reference basis and submit to the</p>	<p>Article 5 Operating Procedure</p> <p>1. Authorization Limit and Level</p> <p>(1) For acquisition or disposal of assets by the Company, the undertaker shall consolidate the information such as reason of acquisition or disposal, target object, counterpart, transfer price, payment conditions and price reference basis and submit to the</p>	

Article	Current Articles				Article	Amended Articles				Amendment Explanation
	Content					Content				
Item	Amount	Board of Directors	Chairman	General Manager	Chief Executive Officer	Board of Directors	Chairman	CEO	General Manager	Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies and the operation of the Company.
Long-term securities investment (including long-term equity investment)	Below 80 million (excluding) ~ 300 million (including)	Approval	Review	Review	Review	Below 80 million (excluding)	Approval	Review	Approval	
Over 300 million (including)	Approval	Review	Review	Review	Review	80 million (including) ~ 300 million (excluding)	Approval	Review		
Total amount per level below 100 million (including)		Approval	Review	Review	Review	Over 300 million (including)	Approval	Review		
Short-term securities investment	Total amount per level 100 million (excluding) ~ 300 million (including)	Approval	Review	Review	Review	Total amount per level 100 million (excluding) ~ 300 million (including)	Approval	Review		
Total amount per level over 300 million (excluding)	Approval	Review	Review	Review	Review	Total amount per level over 300 million (excluding)	Approval	Review		
Real property (or right-of-use assets thereof) (excluding)	Below 300000				Approval	Below 300000 (excluding)	Implementation in accordance with the Table of Delegated Authority	Review		
						300000 (including) ~ 300 million (excluding)	Approval	Review		
							Review	Review		

Article	Current Articles				Article	Amended Articles				Amendment Explanation
	Content					Content				
assets thereof)	300000 (including)~ 300 million (excluding)	Approval	Review	Review	Review	Over 300 million (including)	Approval	Review	Review	(Continue on the table below) (Continue from the table above)
Over 300 million (including)	Approval	Review	Review	Review	Below 300000 (excluding)	300000	Implemented in accordance with the Table of Delegated Authority			
Below 300000 (excluding)					Equipment and intangible assets (or right-of-use assets thereof)	~ 30 million (including)~ 300 million (excluding)				
300000 (including)~ 30 million (excluding)					Memberships	Over 300 million (including)	Approval	Review	Review	
Equipment (or right-of-use assets thereof)					Creditor rights in financial institution	Below 100 million (excluding)	Approval	Review	Review	
30 million (including)~ 300 million (excluding)					Over 100 million (including)	Over 100 million (including)	Approval	Review	Review	
Over 300 million (including)	Approval	Review	Review	Review						

Article	Current Articles				Amended Articles				Amendment Explanation
	Content	Authority	Article	Content	Item	Amount	Board of Directors	Chairman	
Memberships	Item Amount Below 20 million (excluding)	Board of Directors Approval	Chairman General Manager	Chief Executive Officer	Assets acquired or disposed of in connection with mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of assets	Shall not be decided by resolution of the Board of Shareholders according to laws	Approval	Review	Review
	Over 20 million (including)	Review	Review	Review			Review	Review	
Intangible assets (excluding thereof)	Below 30 million (excluding)	Approval	Review	Review	Shall be decided by resolution of the Board of Shareholders according to laws	Review	Review	Review	Review
	30 million (excluding) to 300 million (excluding thereof)	Review	Review	Review			Review	Review	
Creditor rights in financial institution	Over 300 million (excluding)	Approval	Review	Review	Other major assets	Over 150 million (excluding)	Approval	Review	Review
	Below 100 million (excluding)	Review	Review	Review			Review	Review	
	Over 100 million (including)	Approval	Review	Review			Review	Review	
	Assets acquired or disposed of in connection with mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of assets	Shall not be decided by resolution of the Board of Shareholders according to laws	Approval	Review			Review	Review	

Article	Current Articles Content	Article	Amended Articles Content	Amendment Explanation
	<p>(4) Long-term investment in securities, memberships, intangible assets (or right-of-use assets thereof), assets acquired or disposed of in connection with mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of shares in accordance with acts of law and other major assets: appraised and executed by the project team through directing of General Manager, CEO or Chairman.</p> <p>(2) Short-term investment in securities, derivatives and creditor rights in financial institution: appraised and executed by Finance Department.</p> <p>(3) Real property (or right-of-use assets thereof): undertaken by General Affairs Department.</p> <p>(4) Equipment (or right-of-use assets thereof): undertaken by requisition unit with General Admin-Department.</p> <p>(5) Public announcement and declaration: the public announcement and declaration personnel engage the undertaker to consolidate relevant information of public announcement and declaration and manage wholly.</p>	<p>1. Long-term investment in securities, memberships, assets acquired or disposed of in connection with mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of shares in accordance with acts of law and other major assets: appraised and executed by the project team through directing of General Manager, CEO or Chairman.</p> <p>2. Short-term investment in securities, derivatives and creditor rights in financial institution: appraised and executed by Finance Department.</p> <p>3. Real property (or right-of-use assets thereof): undertaken by Administration Division.</p> <p>4. Equipment and intangible assets (or right-of-use assets thereof): undertaken by requisition unit with Administration Division or Purchasing Department.</p> <p>5. Public announcement and declaration: the public announcement and declaration personnel engage the undertaker to consolidate relevant information of public announcement and declaration and manage wholly.</p>	<p>The transaction process and operation for acquisition or disposal of assets shall comply with relevant laws and provisions related to internal control system of the Company.</p>	<p>The Company's procedures for controlling the acquisition or disposal of assets by subsidiaries are as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Company shall urge the Subsidiaries to prepare and execute the Disposal Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposal of the Assets. After this procedure is adopted by the subsidiaries' Board of Directors, it shall be submitted to the supervisors and the shareholders meeting for approval. The same shall apply to the amendment of this procedure. 2. Control on procedures for the acquisition or disposal of assets of subsidiaries by the Company, shall be handled in accordance with relevant laws and Internal Control System of the Company.
Article 7	Control on procedures for the acquisition or disposal of assets of subsidiaries	Article 7	<p>Control on procedures for the acquisition or disposal of assets of subsidiaries</p> <p>The Company's procedures for controlling the acquisition or disposal of assets by subsidiaries are as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Company shall urge the Subsidiaries to prepare and execute the Disposal Procedure for the Acquisition or Disposal of the Assets. After this procedure is adopted by the subsidiaries' Board of Directors, it shall be submitted to the supervisors and the shareholders meeting for approval. The same shall apply to the amendment of this procedure. 2. Control on procedures for the acquisition or disposal of assets of subsidiaries by the Company, shall be handled in accordance with relevant laws and Internal Control System of the Company. 	<p>Adjusted the numbering of the article and paragraph.</p>

Article	Current Articles Content	Article	Amended Articles Content	Amendment Explanation
Article 9	<p>3. The subsidiaries of the Company are not domestic public offering companies, thus the acquisition or disposal of assets shall be reported or announced by the Company in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.</p> <p>The foresaid subsidiaries reach paid-in capital or total assets and their information required to be reported in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 1 of Article 19, it is determined by the paid-in capital or total assets of the company.</p>	Article	<p>3. The subsidiaries of the Company are not domestic public offering companies, thus the acquisition or disposal of assets shall be reported or announced by the Company in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.</p> <p>The foresaid subsidiaries reach paid-in capital or total assets and their information required to be reported in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 1 of Article 19, it is determined by the paid-in capital or total assets of the company.</p>	Amended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies.
Article 9	<p>Resolution Procedure</p> <p>When the company intends to acquire or dispose of real property, or right-of-use assets thereof from a related party, or when it intends to acquire or dispose of assets or right-of-use assets thereof other than real property from a related party and the transaction amount reaches 20% or more of paid-in capital, 10% or more of the company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more, except in trading of domestic government bonds or domestic bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises, the company may not proceed to enter into a transaction contract or make a payment until the following matters have been approved by the Audit Committee and the board of directors:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The purpose, necessity and anticipated benefits of the asset acquisition or disposal. 2. The reason for choosing the Related Party as a trading counterparty. 3. With respect to the acquisition of real property from a Related Party, or right-of-use assets thereof, information regarding appraisal of the reasonableness of the preliminary transaction terms in accordance with the provisions of Article 10 and 11. 4. The date and price at which the Related Party originally acquired the real property, the original counterparty and the trading counterparty's relationship with the Company and the Related Party. 5. Monthly cash flow forecasts for the year commencing from the month of anticipated signing of the contract and evaluation of the necessity of the transaction and reasonableness of the use of 	Article 9	<p>Resolution Procedure</p> <p>When the company intends to acquire or dispose of real property, or right-of-use assets thereof from a related party, or when it intends to acquire or dispose of assets or right-of-use assets thereof other than real property from a related party and the transaction amount reaches 20% or more of paid-in capital, 10% or more of the company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more, except in trading of domestic government bonds or domestic bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises, the company may not proceed to enter into a transaction contract or make a payment until the following matters have been approved by the Audit Committee and the board of directors:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The purpose, necessity and anticipated benefits of the asset acquisition or disposal. 2. The reason for choosing the Related Party as a trading counterparty. 3. With respect to the acquisition of real property from a Related Party, or right-of-use assets thereof, information regarding appraisal of the reasonableness of the preliminary transaction terms in accordance with the provisions of Article 10 and 11. 4. The date and price at which the Related Party originally acquired the real property, the original counterparty and the trading counterparty's relationship with the Company and the Related Party. 5. Monthly cash flow forecasts for the year commencing from the month of anticipated signing of the contract and evaluation of the necessity of the transaction and reasonableness of the use of 	

Article	Current Articles Content	Article	Amended Articles Content	Amendment Explanation
	<p>proceeds.</p> <p>6. An appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion obtained in compliance with the preceding article.</p> <p>7. Restrictive and other important stipulations associated with the transaction.</p> <p>The amount of transactions above shall be calculated in compliance with the procedures set out in paragraph 2 of Article 19, "within the preceding year" as used herein refers to the year preceding the date of execution of the current transaction items that have been approved by the Audit Committee and the Board need not be counted toward the transaction amount.</p> <p>With respect to the types of transactions listed below, when to be conducted between the company and its parent or subsidiaries, or between its subsidiaries in which it directly or indirectly holds 100 percent of the issued shares or authorized capital, the Board of Directors may first authorize the Chairman to execute within a certain amount in accordance with the provisions of Subparagraph 1, Paragraph 1 of Article 5, and shall report at the most recent meeting of the Board of Directors for ratification:</p> <p>(1) Acquisition or disposal of equipment or right-of-use assets thereof held for business use.</p> <p>(2) Acquisition or disposal of real property right-of-use assets held for business use</p>		<p>With respect to the types of transactions listed below, when to be conducted between the company and its parent or subsidiaries, or between its subsidiaries in which it directly or indirectly holds 100 percent of the issued shares or authorized capital, the Board of Directors may first authorize the Chairman to execute within a certain amount in accordance with the provisions of Subparagraph 1, Paragraph 1 of Article 5, and shall report at the most recent meeting of the Board of Directors for ratification:</p> <p>(1) Acquisition or disposal of equipment or right-of-use assets thereof held for business use.</p> <p>(2) Acquisition or disposal of real property right-of-use assets held for business use</p> <p>When the procedures are submitted for discussion by the Board of Directors according to Paragraph 1, the Board of Directors shall take into full consideration each Independent Director's opinions. If an Independent Director objects to or expresses reservations about any matter, it shall be recorded in the minutes of the Board of Directors Meeting.</p> <p>The issues which shall be recognized by Audit Committee according to Paragraph 1 shall be approved by more than half of all Audit Committee members and submitted to the Board of Directors for a resolution, and shall be subject to mutatis mutandis application of the provisions of Paragraph 4 and 5, Article 22.</p>	

Article	Current Articles Content	Amended Articles Content	Amendment Explanation
		<p>If the Company or a subsidiary which is not a domestic public company has made a transaction stipulated in Paragraph 1, and the transaction amount is more than 10 percent of the Company's total assets, the Company shall submit the materials listed in the Paragraph 1 to the Shareholders' Meeting for approval before signing a transaction contract and making payments. However, the regulation does not apply in the transactions between the Company and its parent company and subsidiaries, or the transactions among its subsidiaries.</p> <p>The calculation of the transaction amounts referred to in Paragraph 1 and the preceding paragraph shall be made in accordance with Paragraph 2 of Article 19 herein, and "within the preceding year" as used herein refers to one year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items that have been approved by the shareholders' meeting, the board of directors and Audit Committee need not be counted toward the transaction amount.</p>	
Article 13	Resolution Procedure	<p>Article 13</p> <p>1. The Company that conducts a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares, prior to convening the Board of Directors to resolve on the matter, shall engage a CPA, attorney, or securities underwriter to give an opinion on the reasonableness of the share exchange ratio, acquisition price, or distribution of cash or other property to shareholders, and submit it to the Board of Directors for deliberation and passage. However, for the merger of a subsidiary which directly or indirectly holds 100% issued shares or capital sum, or the merger between subsidiaries which directly or indirectly hold 100% issued shares or capital sum, the opinion on the reasonableness issued by experts pursuant to the preceding paragraph shall be avoided.</p> <p>2. The Company participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition shall prepare a public report to shareholders detailing important contractual content and matters relevant to the merger, demerger, or acquisition prior to the shareholders meeting and include it along with the expert opinion referred to in preceding paragraph when sending shareholders notification of the shareholders meeting for reference in deciding accordingly</p>	<p>Adjusted the numbering of the article and paragraph and the wording concerning the numbering of the said article and paragraph throughout the regulation accordingly</p>

Article	Current Articles Content	Article	Amended Articles Content	Amendment Explanation
	<p>sending shareholders notification of the shareholders meeting for reference in deciding whether to approve the merger, demerger, or acquisition. Provided, where a provision of another act exempts a company from convening a shareholders meeting to approve the merger, demerger, or acquisition, this restriction shall not apply.</p> <p>Where the shareholders meeting of any one of the companies participating in a merger, demerger, or acquisition fails to convene or pass a resolution due to lack of a quorum, insufficient votes, or other legal restriction, or the proposal is rejected by the shareholders meeting, this Company participating in the merger, demerger or acquisition shall immediately publicly explain the reason, the follow-up measures, and the preliminary date of the next shareholders meeting.</p> <p>3. The Company participating in a merger, demerger, or acquisition shall convene a board of directors meeting and shareholders meeting on the day of the transaction to resolve matters relevant to the merger, demerger, or acquisition, unless another act provides otherwise or the FSC is notified in advance of extraordinary circumstances and grants consent.</p> <p>The Company participating in a transfer of shares shall call a board of directors meeting on the day of the transaction, unless another act provides otherwise or the authority is notified in advance of extraordinary circumstances and grants consent.</p> <p>When participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares, the Company shall prepare a full written record of the following information and retain it for five years for reference:</p> <p>(1) Basic identification data for personnel: Including the occupational titles, names, and national ID numbers (or passport numbers in the case of foreign nationals) of all persons involved in the planning or implementation of any merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of another company's shares prior to disclosure of the information.</p> <p>(2) Dates of material events: Including the signing of any letter of intent or memorandum of understanding, the hiring of a financial or</p>			

Article	Current Articles Content	Article	Amended Articles Content	Amendment Explanation
	<p>or legal advisor, the execution of a contract, and the convening of a board of directors meeting.</p> <p>(3) Important documents and minutes: Including merger, demerger, acquisition, and share transfer plans, any letter of intent or memorandum of understanding, material contracts, and minutes of board of directors meetings.</p> <p>When participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares, the Company shall, in two days of passage of a resolution by the board of directors, report (in the prescribed format and via the Internet-based information system) the information set out in item 1 and 2 of the preceding subparagraph to the FSC for recordation.</p> <p>Where the Company participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of another company's shares is neither listed on an exchange nor has its shares traded on an OTC market, the Company shall sign an agreement with such company whereby the latter is required to abide by the provisions of preceding 2 Subparagraph of this paragraph.</p>		<p>legal advisor, the execution of a contract, and the convening of a board of directors meeting.</p> <p>3. Important documents and minutes: Including merger, demerger, acquisition, and share transfer plans, any letter of intent or memorandum of understanding, material contracts, and minutes of board of directors meetings.</p> <p>When participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares, the Company shall, in two days of passage of a resolution by the board of directors, report (in the prescribed format and via the Internet-based information system) the information set out in <u>subparagraphs 1 and 2 of the preceding paragraph</u> to the FSC for recordation.</p> <p>Where the Company participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of another company's shares is neither listed on an exchange nor has its shares traded on an OTC market, the Company shall sign an agreement with such company whereby the latter is required to abide by the provisions of preceding 2 paragraphs.</p>	
Article 18	<p>Disposal of a company that is not a public one</p> <p>Where any of the companies participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares is not a public company, the public company(s) shall sign an agreement with the non-public company whereby the latter is required to abide by the provisions of paragraphs 3-of Article 13 and Article 14 and preceding Article.</p>	Article 18	<p>Adjusted the numbering of the article and paragraph throughout the regulation</p> <p>Disposal of a company that is not a public one</p> <p>Where any of the companies participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares is not a public company, the public company(s) shall sign an agreement with the non-public company whereby the latter is required to abide by the provisions of paragraphs 4 through paragraphs 8 of Article 13 and Article 14 and preceding Article.</p>	

Article	Current Articles Content	Article	Amended Articles Content	Amendment Explanation accordingly
Article 19	<p>Public Announcement and Declaration Procedure</p> <p>In acquiring or disposing of assets, should any of the following conditions occur after the filing and public announcement of transactions, the Company needs to file and make public announcement at the website specified by FSC accordingly in two days from the Date of the Event by using the prescribed format according to the nature:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Omitted. 2. Omitted. 3. Omitted. 4. Omitted. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Omitted. (2) Omitted. 5. Omitted. 6. Where an asset transaction other than any of those referred to in the preceding five subparagraphs, a disposal of receivables by a financial institution, or an investment in the mainland China area reaches 20% of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more; provided, this shall not apply to the following circumstances: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Trading of domestic government bonds. 	Article 19	<p>Public Announcement and Declaration Procedure</p> <p>In acquiring or disposing of assets, should any of the following conditions occur after the filing and public announcement of transactions, the Company needs to file and make public announcement at the website specified by FSC accordingly in two days from the Date of the Event by using the prescribed format according to the nature:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Omitted. 2. Omitted. 3. Omitted. 4. Omitted. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Omitted. (2) Omitted. 5. Omitted. 6. Where an asset transaction other than any of those referred to in the preceding five subparagraphs, a disposal of receivables by a financial institution, or an investment in the mainland China area reaches 20% of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more; provided, this shall not apply to the following circumstances: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Trading of domestic government bonds or foreign government bonds with the credit rating not lower than the sovereign credit rating of Taiwan (2) Where done by professional investors-securities trading on securities exchanges or OTC markets, or subscription of ordinary corporate bonds or general bank debentures without equity characteristics that are offered and issued in the primary market, (excluding subordinated debt) that are offered and issued in the primary market, or subscription or redemption of securities investment trust funds or futures trust funds - or subscription by a securities firm of securities as necessitated by its undertaking business or as an advisory recommending securities firm for an securities firm for an emerging stock company, in accordance with the rules of the Taipei Exchange. 	Amended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies.

Article	Current Articles		Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
	Article	Content	Article	Content	
	(3) Trading of bonds under repurchase/resale agreements and the purchase or redemption of domestic money market funds issued by securities investment trust enterprise. Contents below are omitted.		Taipei Exchange. (3) Trading of bonds under repurchase/resale agreements and the purchase or redemption of domestic money market funds issued by securities investment trust enterprise. Contents below are omitted.		

**Comparison Table for Amendments to Procedures for
Lending Funds to Other Parties**

Article	Current Articles Content	Article Article 6	Amended Articles Content	Amendment Explanation
Article 6	<p>Procedures for handling loans of funds</p> <p>1. Application procedures</p> <p>(1) Before the borrower applies for borrowing funds from the Company, it shall submit an application form specifying the amount, period, purpose of the borrowing, and the assurance provided, and attach necessary documents of the company information and financial information. The Financial Department shall be evaluated with and subject to the Regulations announced by FSC and the Procedures, and then submitted, together with the result of the evaluation made as described in the Article 7, as well as the review report prepared, shall be review by general manager and chairman and submitted it to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors for approval and no delegation shall be made to any person in this regard. The procedures shall comply with Paragraph 4 and 5, Article 14.</p> <p>(2)~(4) Omitted.</p> <p>2.~6. Omitted.</p>	<p>Procedures for handling loans of funds</p> <p>1. Application procedures</p> <p>(1) Before the borrower applies for borrowing funds from the Company, it shall submit an application form specifying the amount, period, purpose of the borrowing, and the assurance provided, and attach necessary documents of the company information and financial information. The Financial Department shall be evaluated with and subject to the Regulations announced by FSC and the Procedures, and then submitted, together with the result of the evaluation made as described in the Article 7, as well as the review report prepared, according to the <u>approval authority</u> shall be review by <u>responsible officer</u> and chairman and submitted it to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors for approval and no delegation shall be made to any person in this regard. The procedures shall comply with Paragraph 4 and 5, Article 14.</p> <p>(2)~(4) Omitted.</p> <p>2.~6. Omitted.</p>	<p>Detailed review procedures</p> <p>When the Company lends the funds, the following review procedures shall be carried</p>	<p>The amendments are made according to the Company's operational needs.</p> <p>The amendments are made according to the Company's operational needs.</p>
Article 7	<p>Detailed review procedures</p> <p>When the Company lends the funds, the following review procedures shall be carried</p>	Article 7	<p>Detailed review procedures</p> <p>When the Company lends the funds, the following review procedures shall be carried</p>	<p>The amendments are made according to the Company's</p>

Article	Current Articles		Amended Articles		Amendment Explanation
	Article	Content	Article	Content	
	<p>out:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluation of the necessity and rationality of funds lending to other parties After accepting the application, the Company shall assess the necessity and rationality of conducting funds lending to other parties. Credit and risk assessment of the lending parties After accepting the application, the Company shall investigate and evaluate the business, financial status, solvency and credit, profitability and borrowing purposes of the loan. Acquisition of collateral and the appraisal value of collateral The Company shall require the borrower to provide collateral depending on the actual needs and shall, in advance, carry out the assessment of the personal property or real estate property value of the proposed mortgage. Assessment on the impact towards the Company's operating risk, financial position and shareholders' equity Before lending funds, the Company shall assess the impact on its operating risk, financial position and shareholders' equity. For cases that obtain good results after investigation and assessment, the Company shall formulate loaning conditions, including the interest rate 	<p>out:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluation of the necessity and rationality of funds lending to other parties After accepting the application, the Company shall assess the necessity and rationality of conducting funds lending to other parties. Credit and risk assessment of the lending parties After accepting the application, the Company shall investigate and evaluate the business, financial status, solvency and credit, profitability and borrowing purposes of the loan. Acquisition of collateral and the appraisal value of collateral The Company shall require the borrower to provide collateral depending on the actual needs and shall, in advance, carry out the assessment of the personal property or real estate property value of the proposed mortgage. Assessment on the impact towards the Company's operating risk, financial position and shareholders' equity Before lending funds, the Company shall assess the impact on its operating risk, financial position and shareholders' equity. For cases that obtain good results after investigation and assessment, the Company shall formulate loaning conditions, including the interest rate 	<p>out:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluation of the necessity and rationality of funds lending to other parties After accepting the application, the Company shall assess the necessity and rationality of conducting funds lending to other parties. Credit and risk assessment of the lending parties After accepting the application, the Company shall investigate and evaluate the business, financial status, solvency and credit, profitability and borrowing purposes of the loan. Acquisition of collateral and the appraisal value of collateral The Company shall require the borrower to provide collateral depending on the actual needs and shall, in advance, carry out the assessment of the personal property or real estate property value of the proposed mortgage. Assessment on the impact towards the Company's operating risk, financial position and shareholders' equity Before lending funds, the Company shall assess the impact on its operating risk, financial position and shareholders' equity. For cases that obtain good results after investigation and assessment, the Company shall formulate loaning conditions, including the interest rate 	<p>out:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluation of the necessity and rationality of funds lending to other parties After accepting the application, the Company shall assess the necessity and rationality of conducting funds lending to other parties. Credit and risk assessment of the lending parties After accepting the application, the Company shall investigate and evaluate the business, financial status, solvency and credit, profitability and borrowing purposes of the loan. Acquisition of collateral and the appraisal value of collateral The Company shall require the borrower to provide collateral depending on the actual needs and shall, in advance, carry out the assessment of the personal property or real estate property value of the proposed mortgage. Assessment on the impact towards the Company's operating risk, financial position and shareholders' equity Before lending funds, the Company shall assess the impact on its operating risk, financial position and shareholders' equity. For cases that obtain good results after investigation and assessment, the Company shall formulate loaning conditions, including the interest rate 	operational needs.

Article	Current Articles Content	Article	Amended Articles Content	Amendment Explanation
Article 10	<p>calculation method, interest rate and the deadline, which shall be submitted to the general manager and the chairman for approval, and then submitted to the Audit Committee and the board of directors for handling by resolutions.</p> <p>In principle, the Company is still required to conduct assessments and prepare review reports for those who continue to borrow funds.</p>		<p>calculation method, interest rate and the deadline, which shall be submitted to the <u>responsible officer</u> and the chairman for approval, and then submitted to the Audit Committee and the board of directors for handling by resolutions.</p> <p>In principle, the Company is still required to conduct assessments and prepare review reports for those who continue to borrow funds.</p>	The amendments are made according to the Company's operational needs.
Article 11	<p>Penalties</p> <p>If the Company managers and persons-in-charge violate the Regulations formulated by FSC or the Procedures, the audit personnel the authority director shall promptly report the violation to the <u>chairman</u> or the board of directors, who shall, as the case may be, give appropriate punishment to the person concerned.</p>	Article 11	<p>Penalties</p> <p>If the Company managers and persons-in-charge violate the Regulations formulated by FSC or the Procedures, the <u>responsible officer</u> or audit personnel shall promptly report the violation to the <u>chairman</u> or the board of directors, who shall, as the case may be, give appropriate punishment to the person concerned.</p>	

**Comparison Table for Amendments to Procedures for
Endorsement and Guarantee**

Article	Current Articles Content	Article	Amended Articles Content	Amendment Explanation
Article 12	Penalties If the Company managers and persons-in-charge violate the Regulations formulated by FSC or the Procedures, the audit personnel the authority director shall promptly report the violation to the general manager or the board of directors, who shall, as the case may be, give appropriate punishment to the person concerned.	Article 12	Penalties If the Company managers and persons-in-charge violate the Regulations formulated by FSC or the Procedures, except in accordance with the regulations of the <u>competent authority</u> , the authority director or <u>audit personnel</u> shall promptly report the violation to the chairman or the board of directors, who shall, as the case may be, give appropriate punishment to the person concerned.	The amendments are made according to the Company's operational needs.